



# BYPASS OF LOCKS AND SAFES

Locks, Safes, and Security  
LSS+ Multimedia Supplement

[www.securitylaboratories.org](http://www.securitylaboratories.org)



# BYPASS: WHY IMPORTANT

- ◆ Protection of life
- ◆ Protection of property
- ◆ Protection of information
- ◆ Sabotage
- ◆ Espionage
- ◆ National security
- ◆ Terrorism



# BYPASS: REQUIRED KNOWLEDGE

- ◆ Locks
- ◆ Safes
- ◆ Security: physical and electronic
- ◆ Bypass technologies
- ◆ Bypass tools and techniques
- ◆ Specific bypass issues
- ◆ Specific vulnerabilities



# REQUIRED SUBJECTS

- ◆ · Anti-picking features
- ◆ · Bypass capability and methods of entry
- ◆ · Bypass techniques
- ◆ · Code cutting of keys
- ◆ · Cross-keying
- ◆ · Databases and reference materials for locks
- ◆ · Decoding of locks·





# REQUIRED SUBJECTS

- ◆ · Differs and depth coding: theory and reality
- ◆ · Disassembly of locks
- ◆ · Evidence of bypass
- ◆ · Forensic analysis of locks
- ◆ · Forensic disassembly of locks
- ◆ · Identification of locks, keys, and components
- ◆ · Impressioning



# REQUIRED SUBJECTS

- ◆ · Key duplication procedures
- ◆ · Keying of locks
- ◆ · Keying systems, including master keying
- ◆ · Keyways and restrictions
- ◆ · Locking hardware
- ◆ · Locks, and theory of operation of each type of mechanism
- ◆ · Manufacturing specifications for locks and keys
- ◆ · Metals and Metallurgy



# REQUIRED SUBJECTS

- ◆ · Methods of forced-entry
- ◆ · Picking
- ◆ · Safes: construction, locks, and methods of entry
- ◆ · Security systems and access control
- ◆ · Specifications for key machines
- ◆ · Tolerance specifications
- ◆ · Tools utilized in bypass



# WHO IS AFFECTED?

- ◆ Anyone who has property to protect
- ◆ Valuable items
- ◆ Valuable information
- ◆ Any premises
- ◆ EVERYONE IS AFFECTED BY LACK OF SECURITY



# BYPASS: THE PROBLEM

- ◆ Lack of knowledge by law enforcement investigators
- ◆ Lack of training of forensic specialists
- ◆ Lack of knowledge by tradecraft
- ◆ Lack of expertise by manufacturer
- ◆ Lack of data by public about bypass
- ◆ Potential for bypass: often unknown



# PRIMER ON LOCKS

- ◆ Basic locking mechanisms
- ◆ Must understand theory of operation
- ◆ Bypass theories
- ◆ Security assessment and limitations

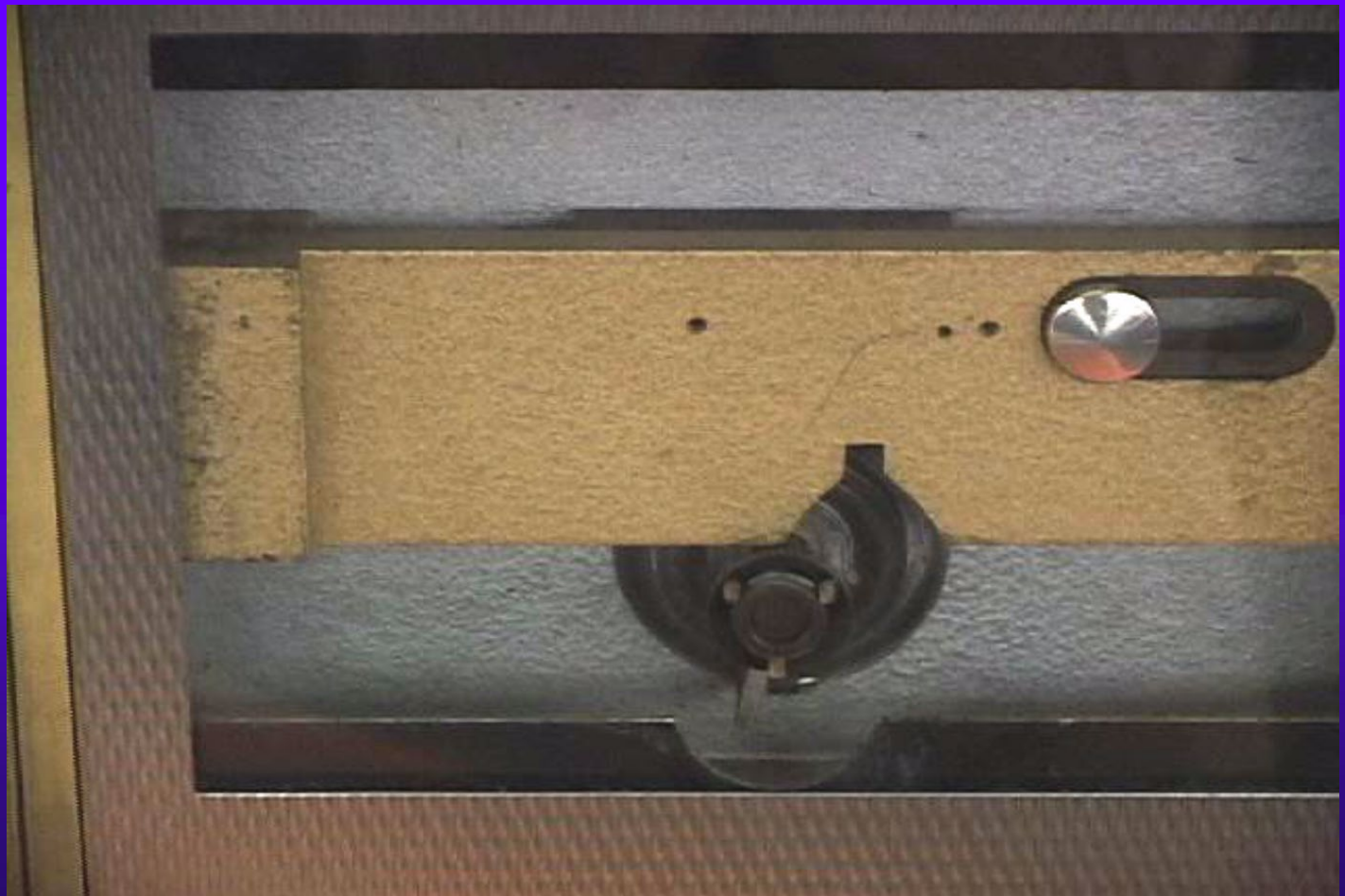


# BASIC TYPES OF LOCKS

- ◆ Warded
- ◆ Lever
- ◆ Wafer
- ◆ Pin Tumbler
- ◆ Hybrid
  - Magnetic
  - Sidebar
  - Rotating Disk
- ◆ Combination

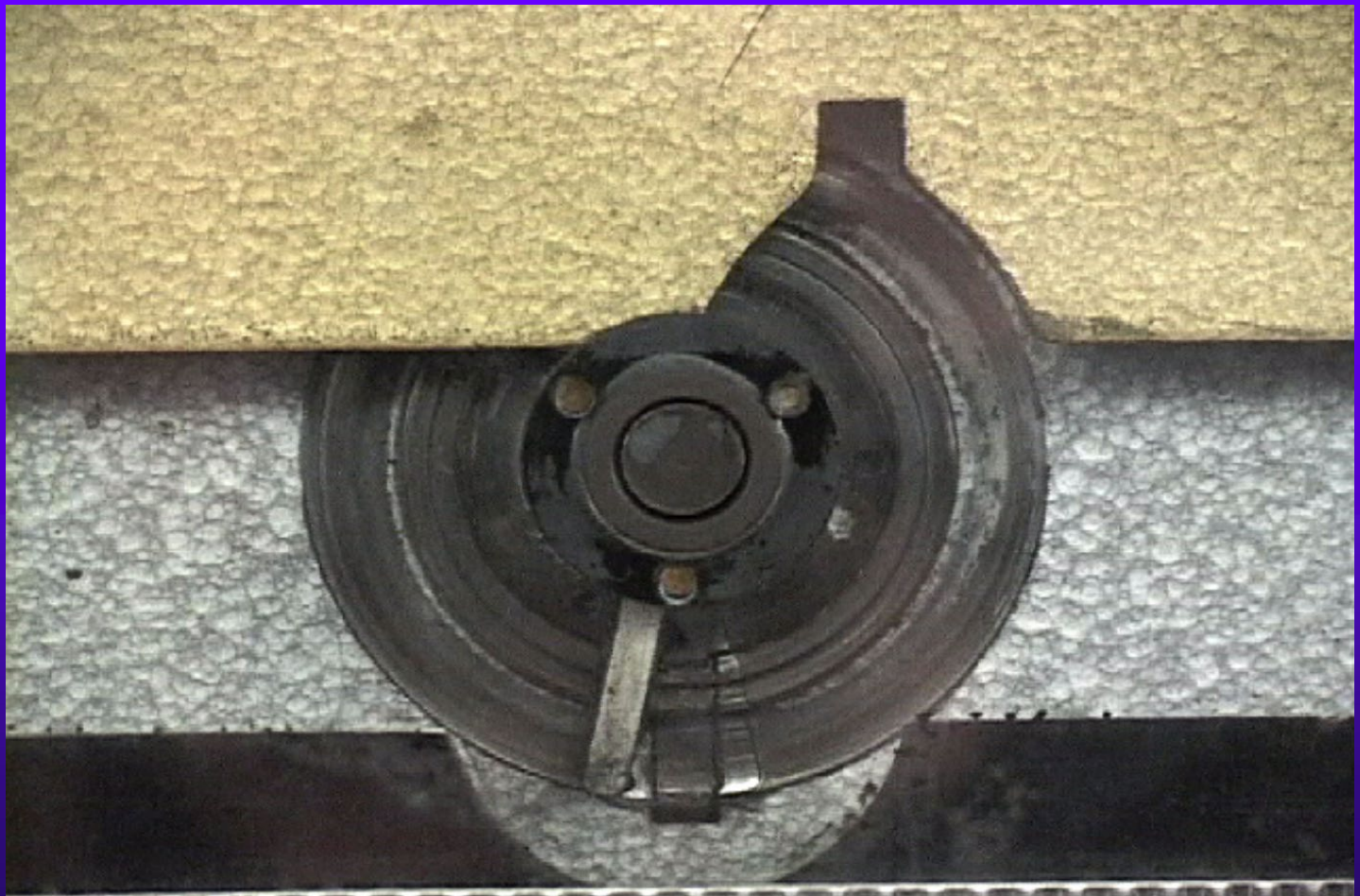


# WARDDED LOCK





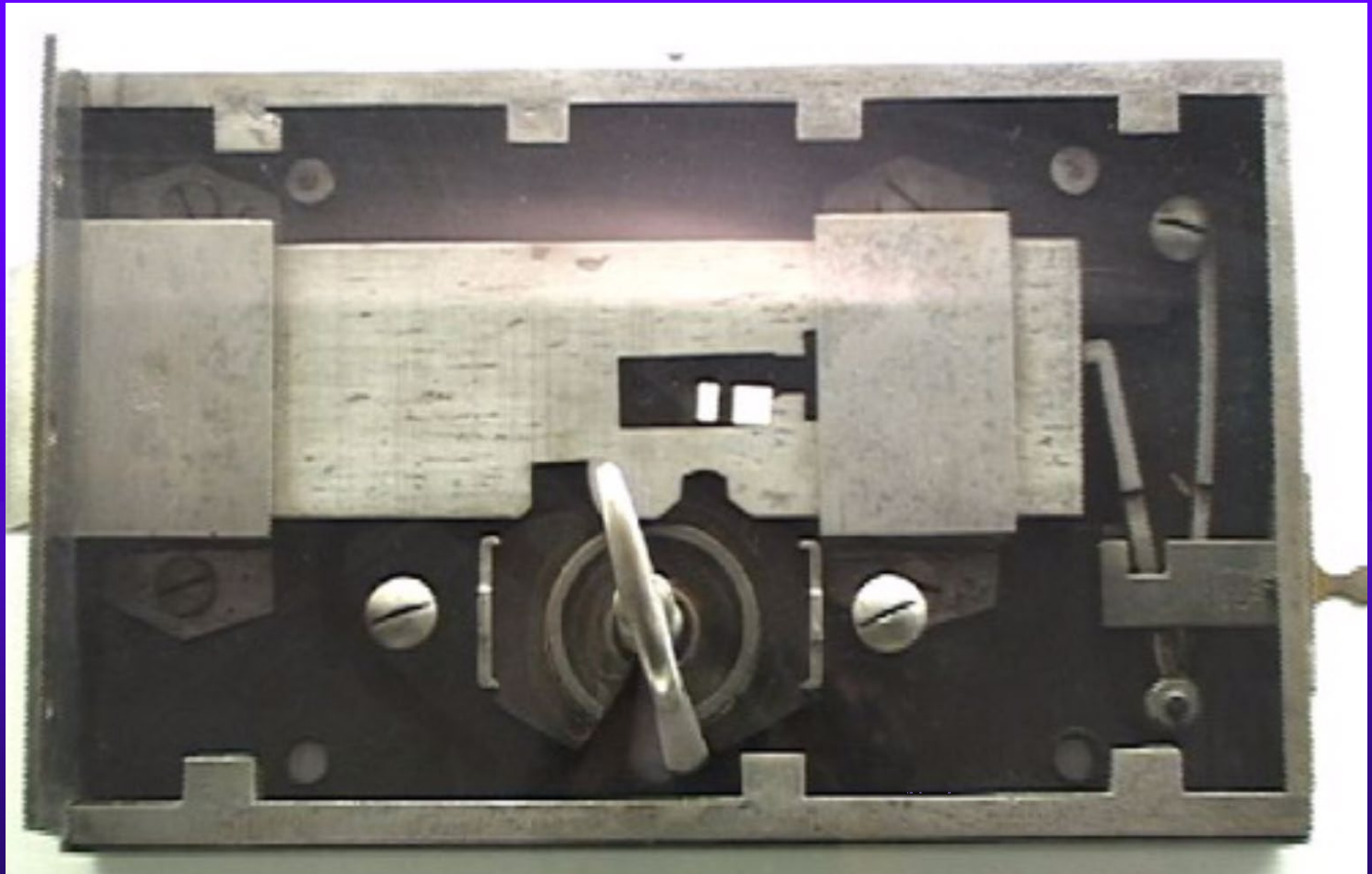
# Warded lock detail



# Warded lock for chest

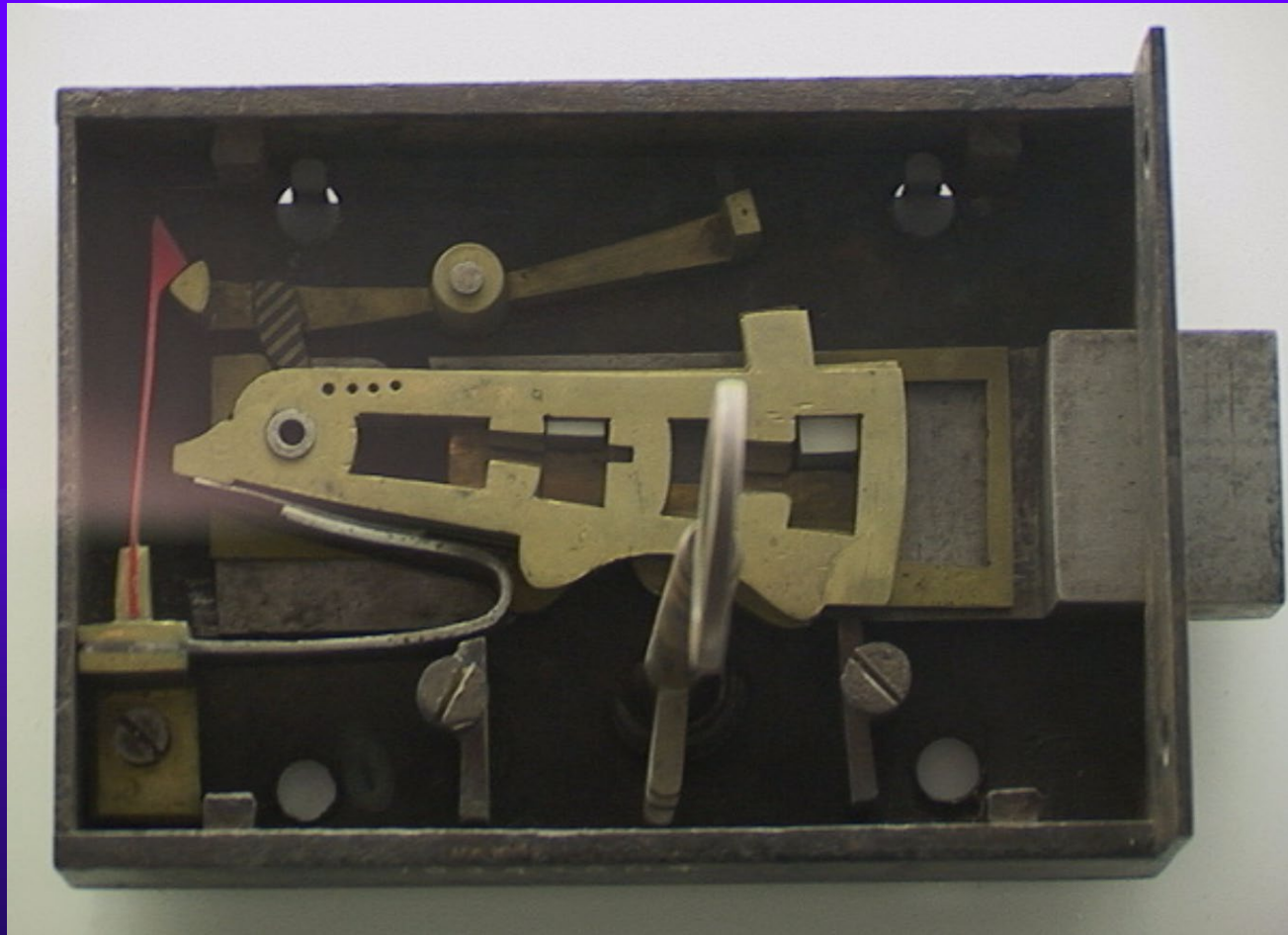


# LEVER LOCK

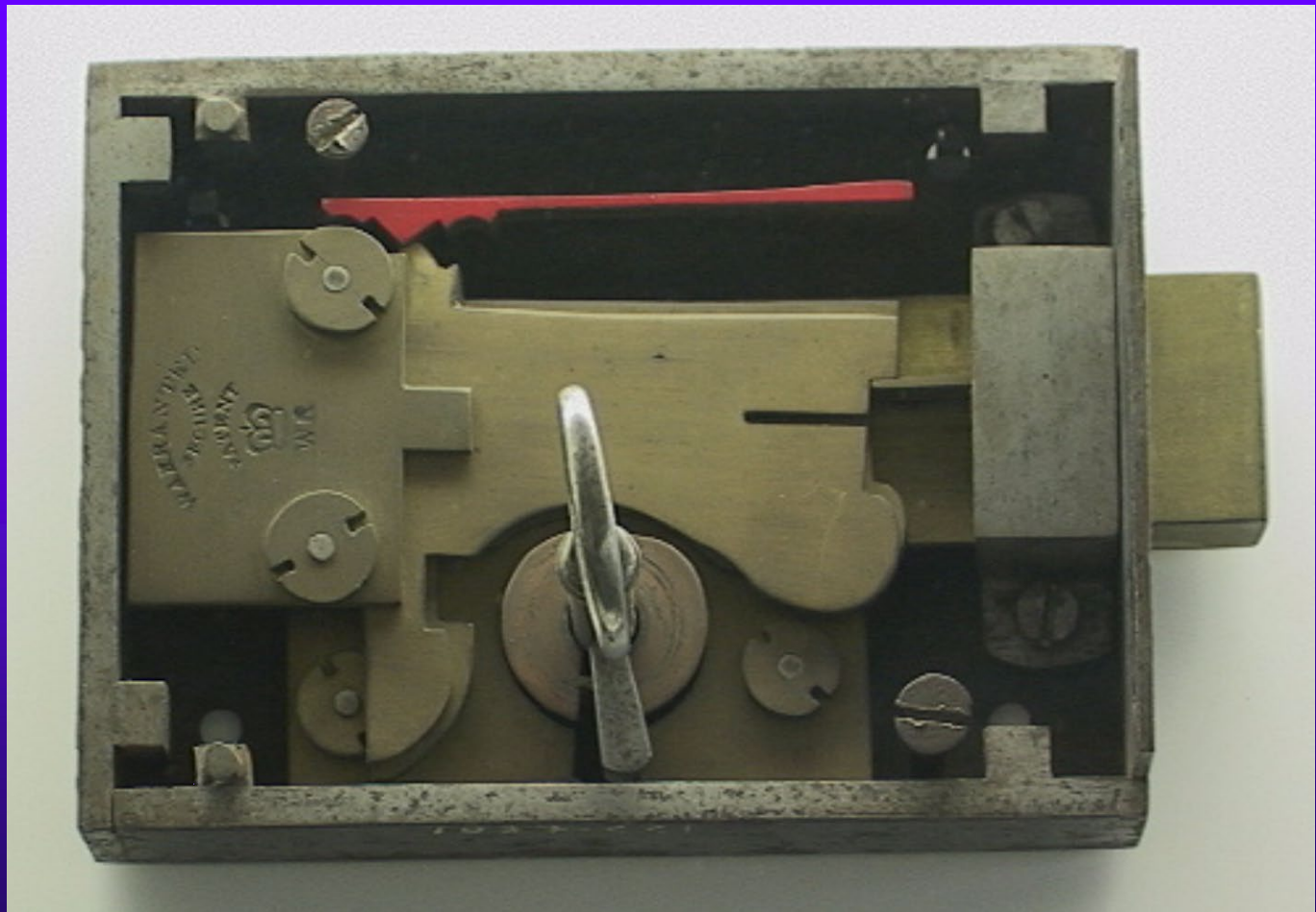




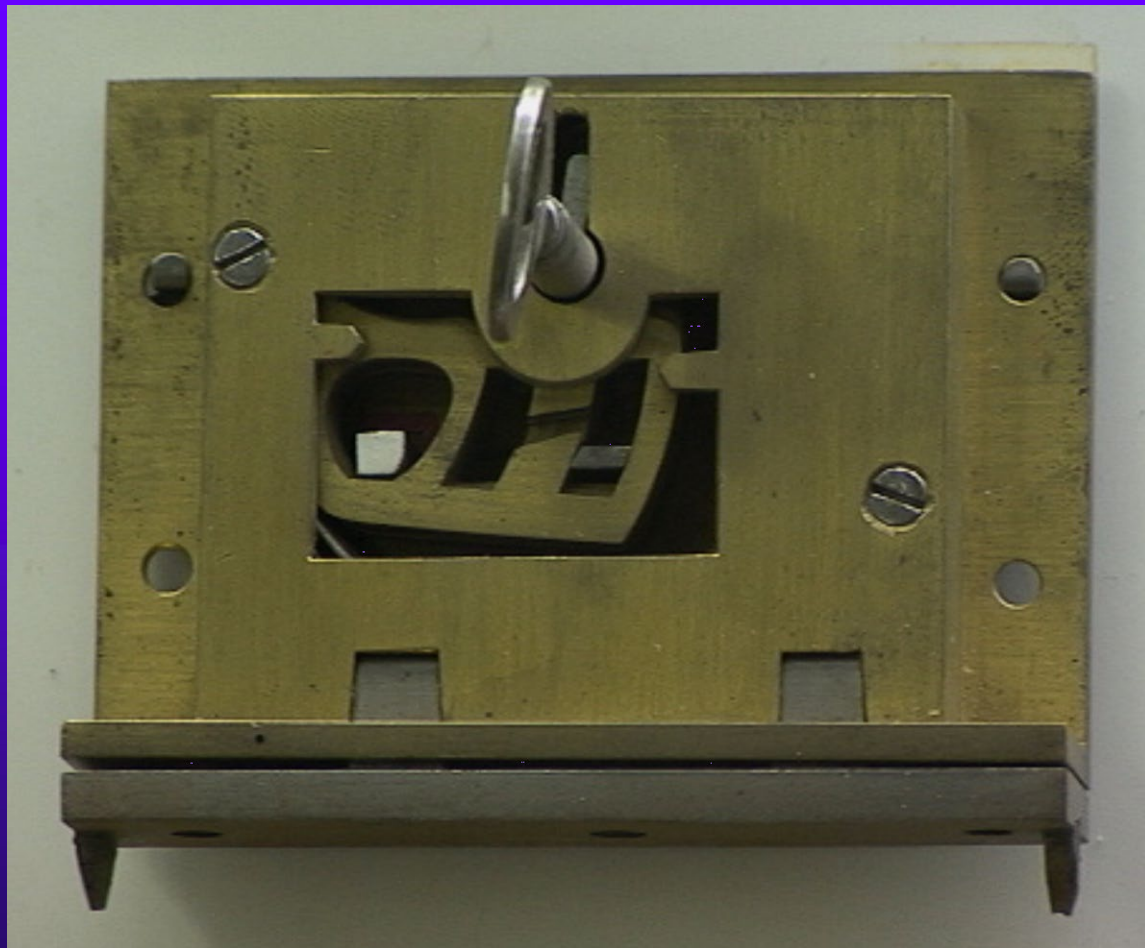
# CHUBB Detector, 1827



# CHUBB Detector Lock

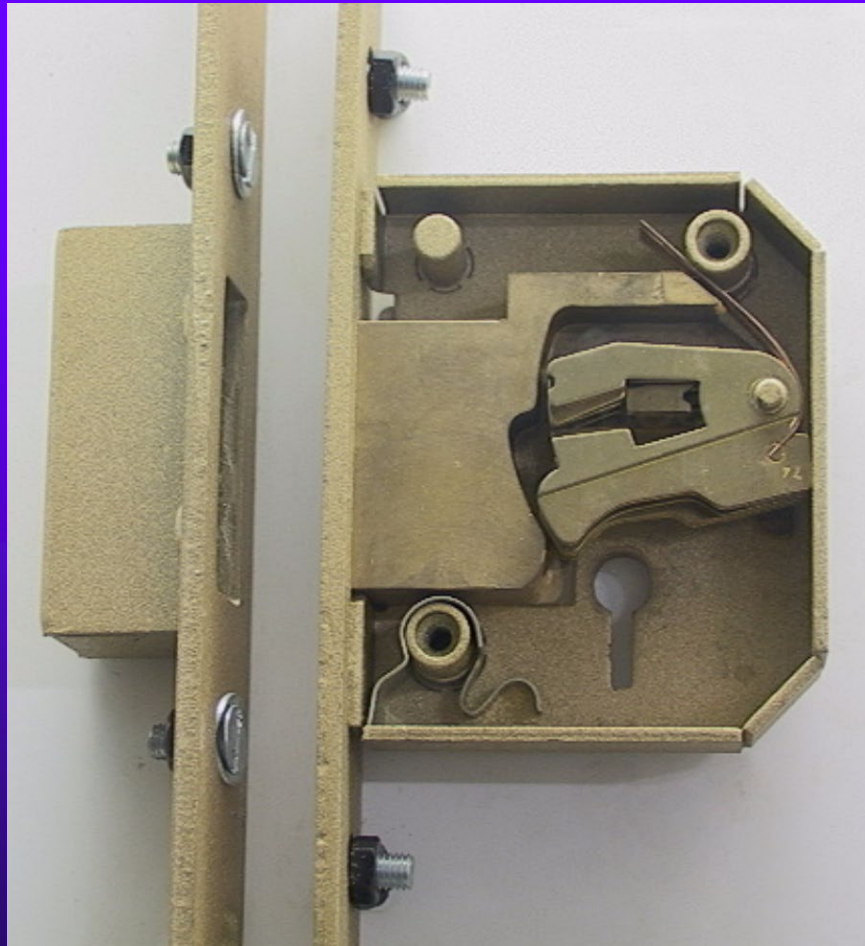


# PRICE Ne Plus Lever Lock

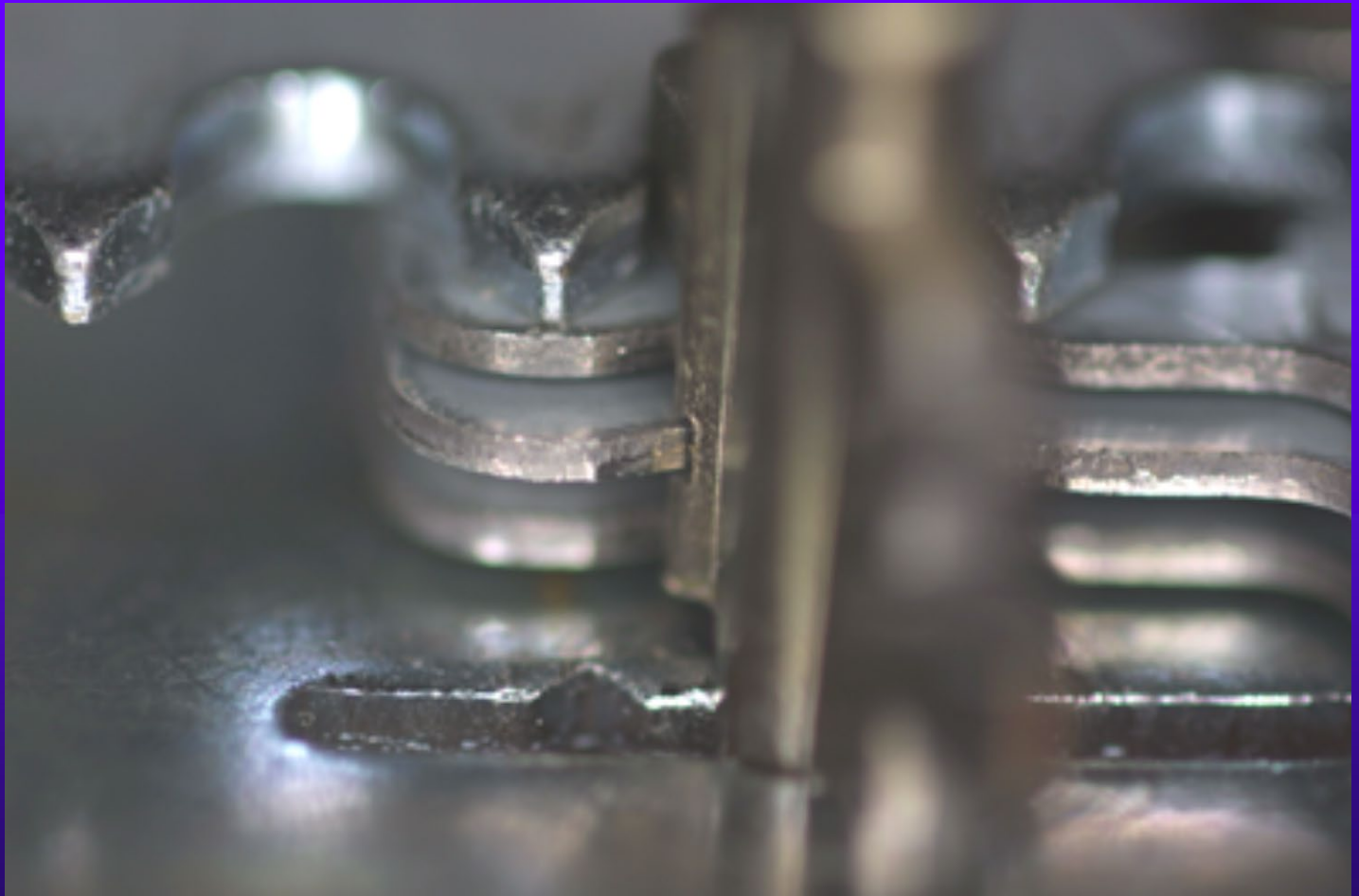




# MODERN CHUBB LEVER

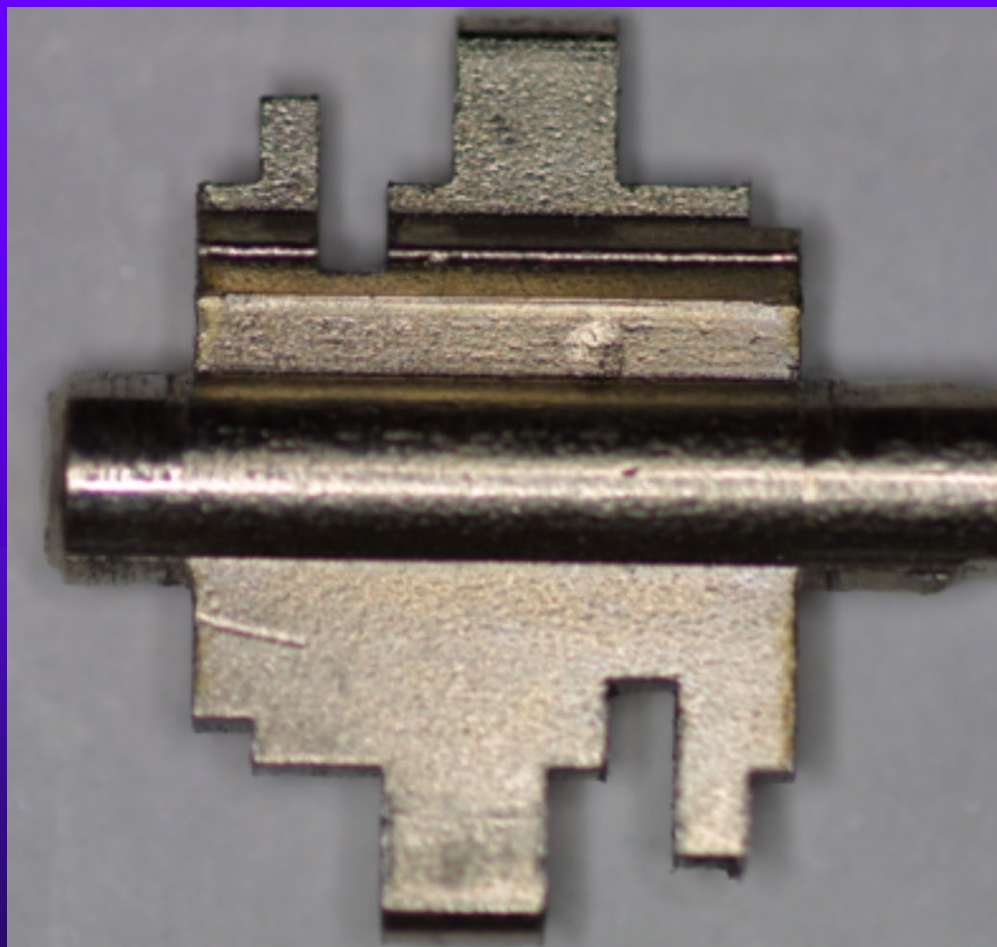


# EUROPEAN LEVER LOCK

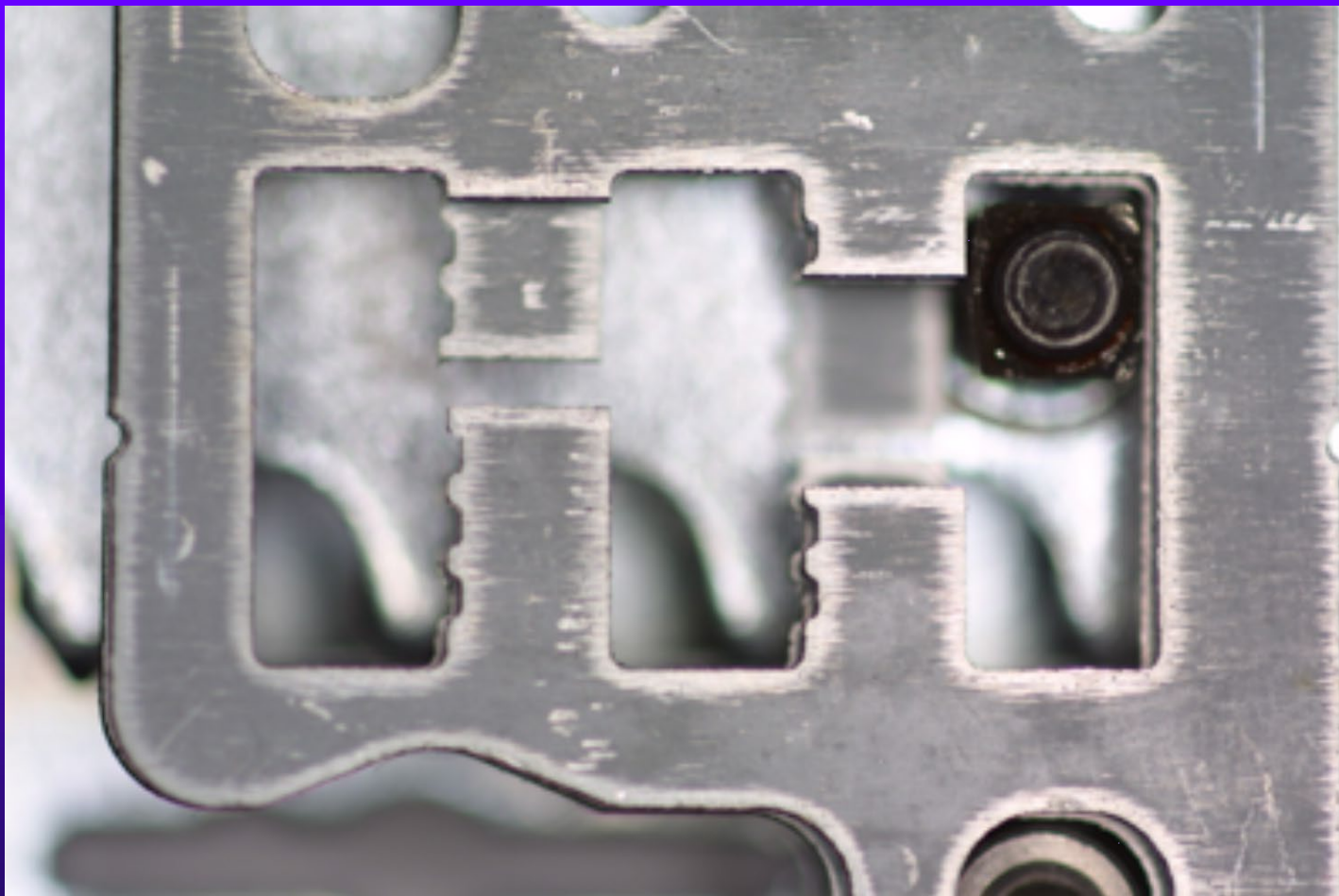




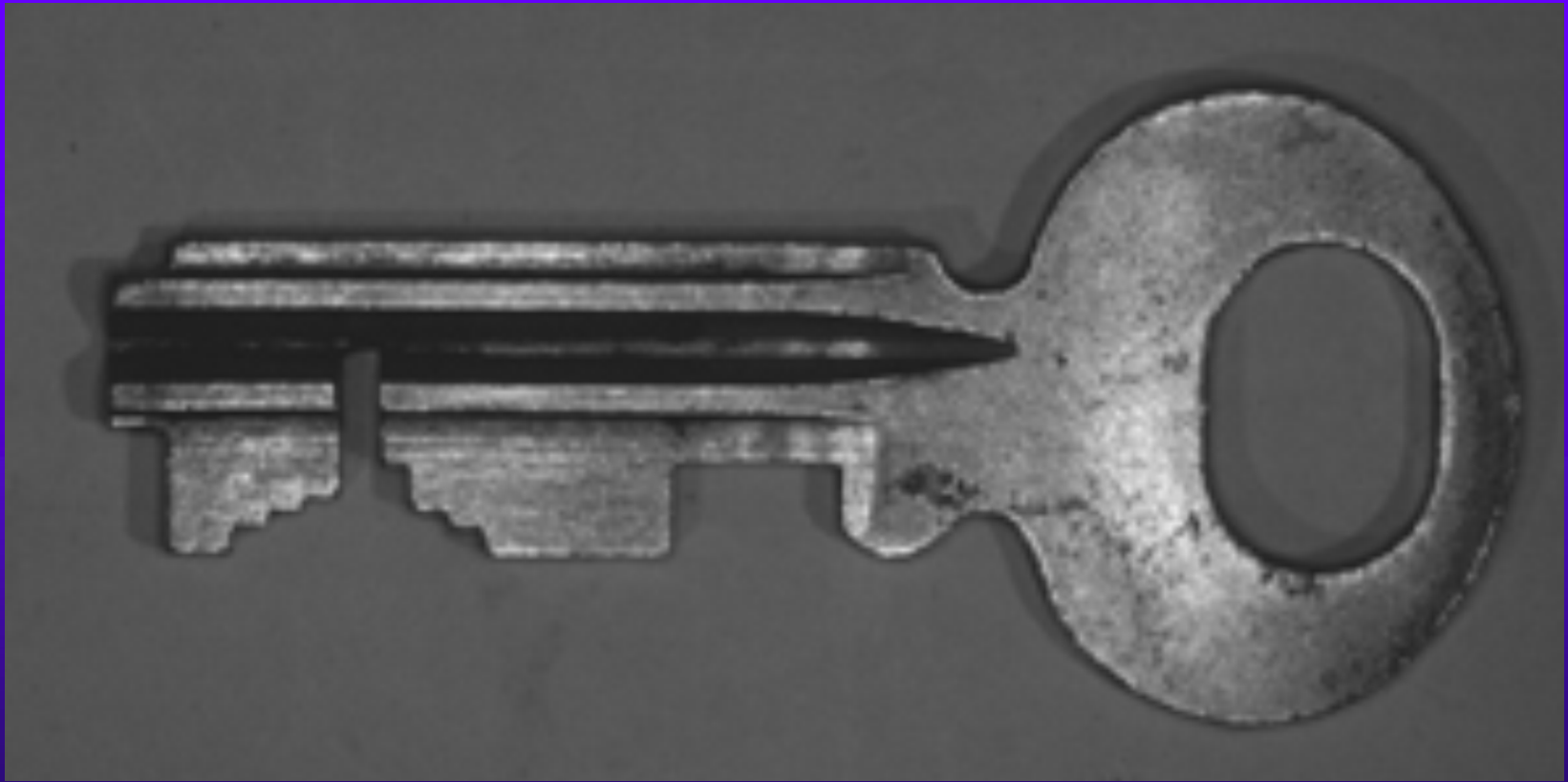
# EUROPEAN LEVER KEY



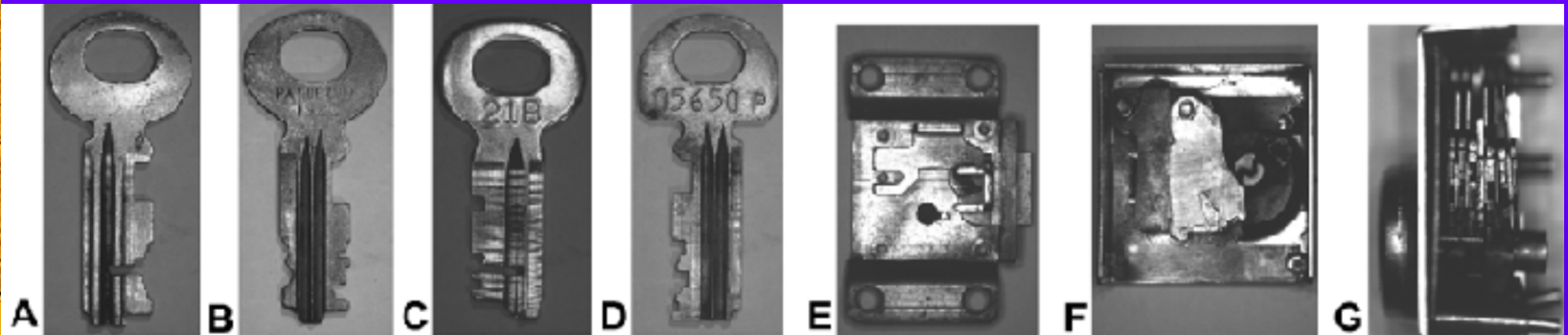
# European Lever



# TELEPHONE LEVER KEY

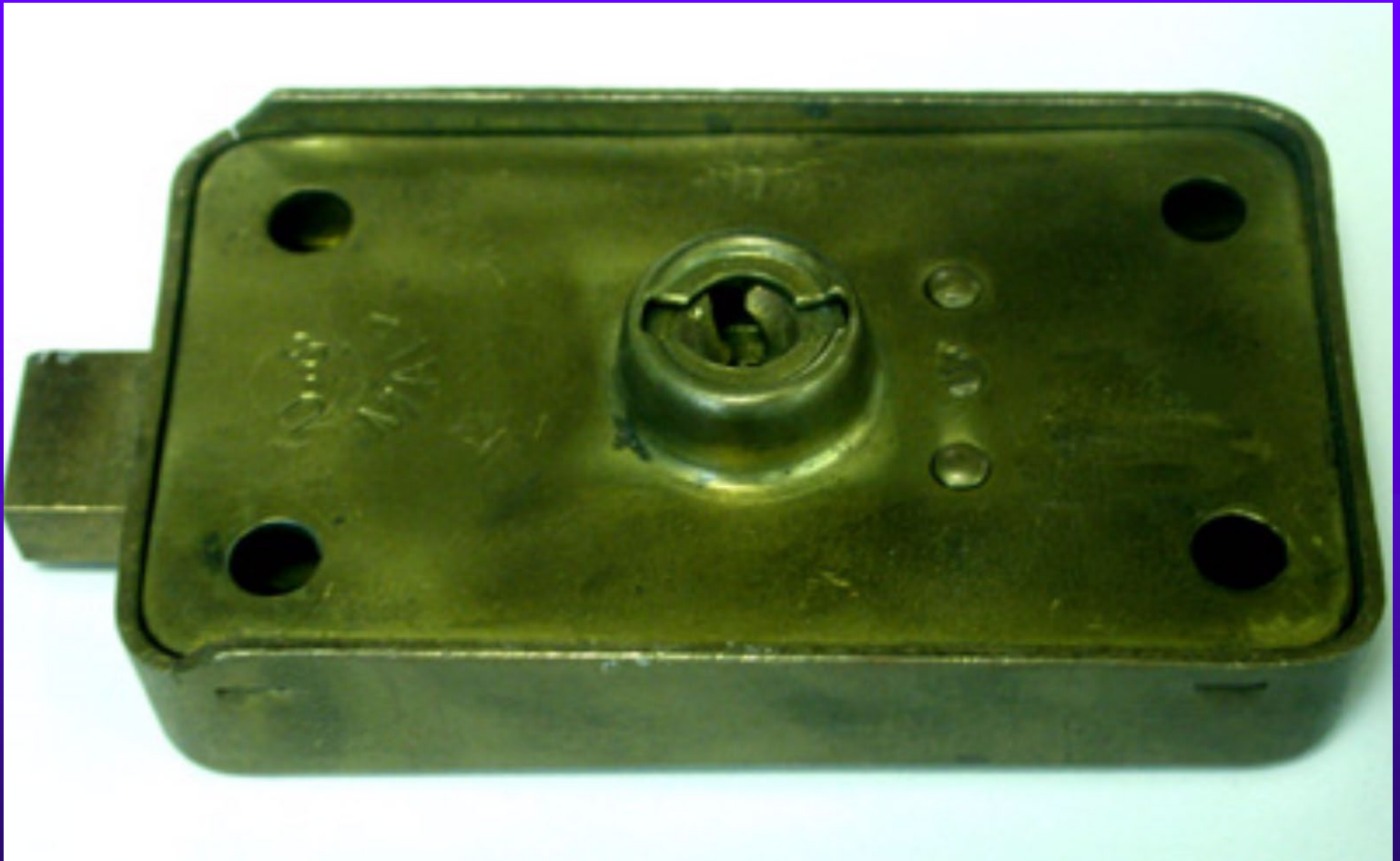


# Telephone Lock Detail





# POST OFFICE LEVER LOCK



# Lever Key Detail – Postal



# Lever Detail – Postal





# POSTAL Registered Mail Key





# Registered Mail Padlock



# WAFER LOCK – LOCKED

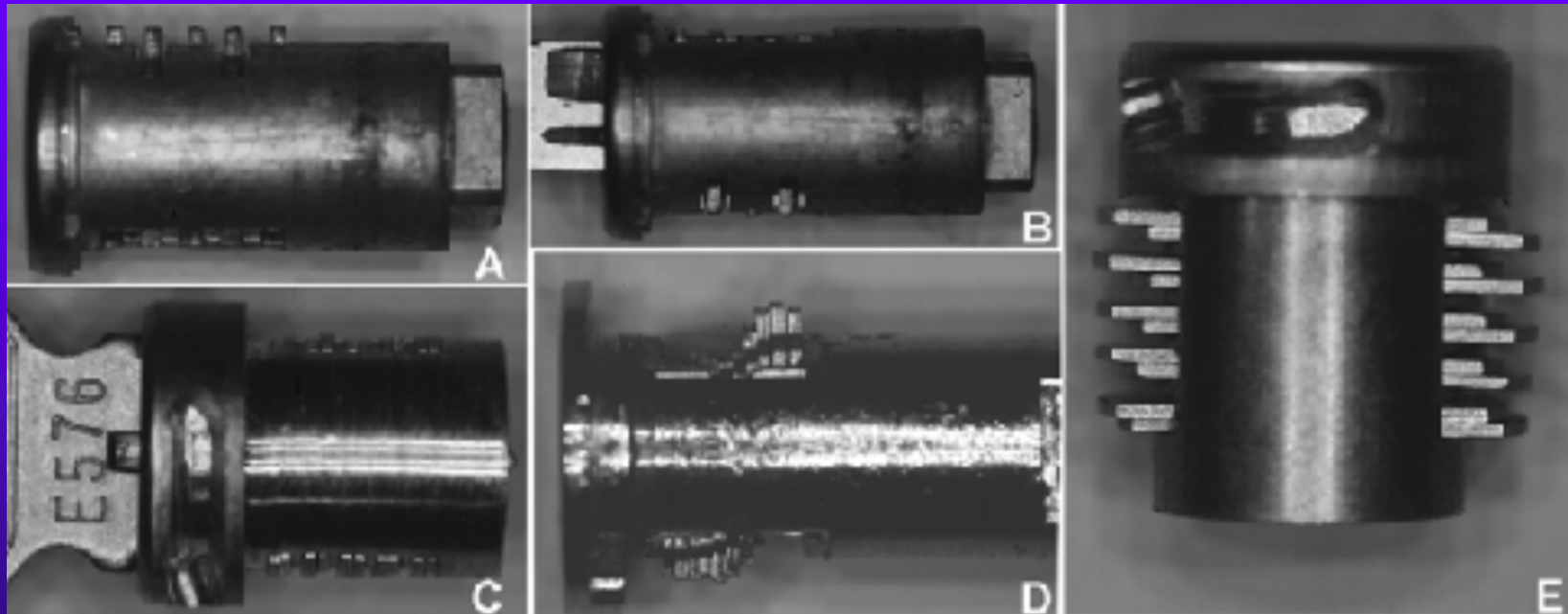




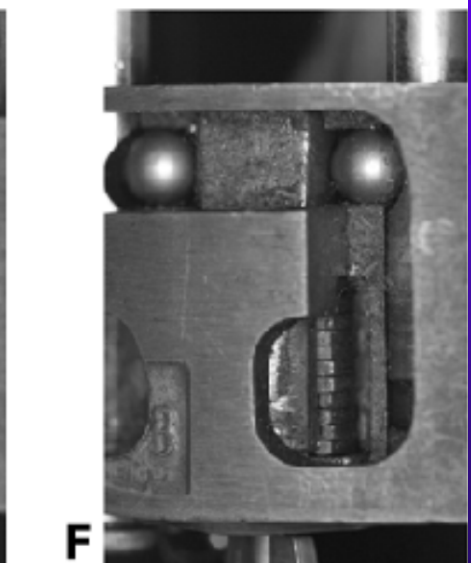
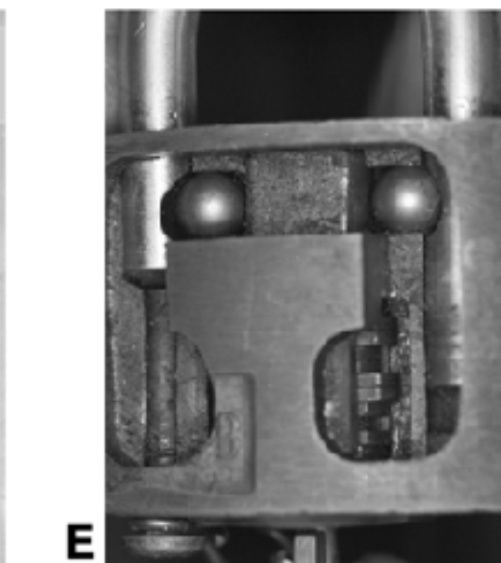
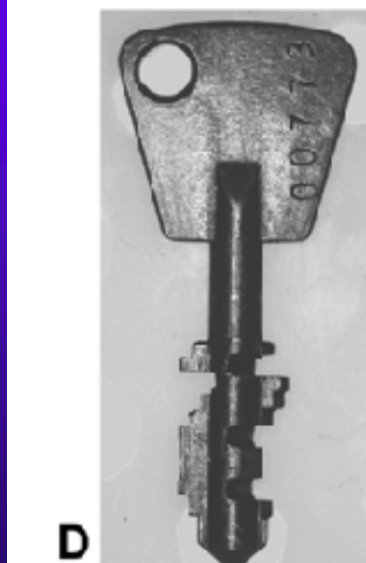
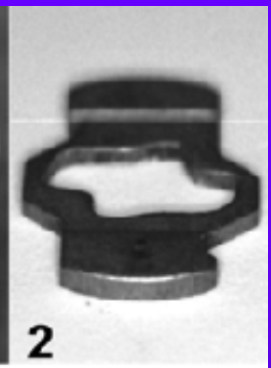
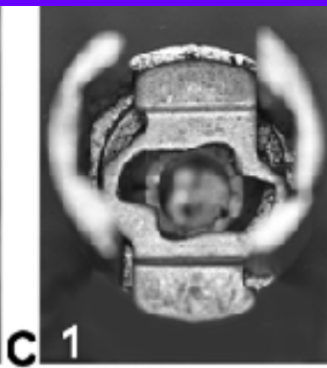
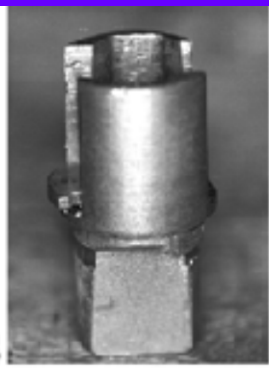
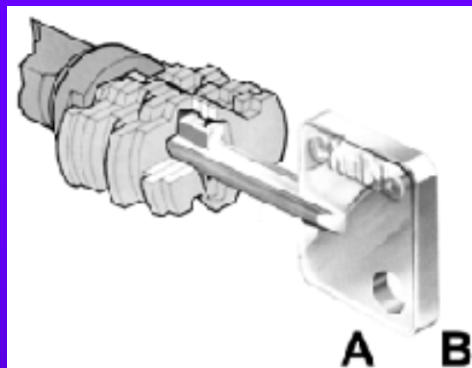
# WAFER LOCK – OPEN



# WAFER LOCKS – DOUBLE BITTED



# CHUBB AVA WAFER

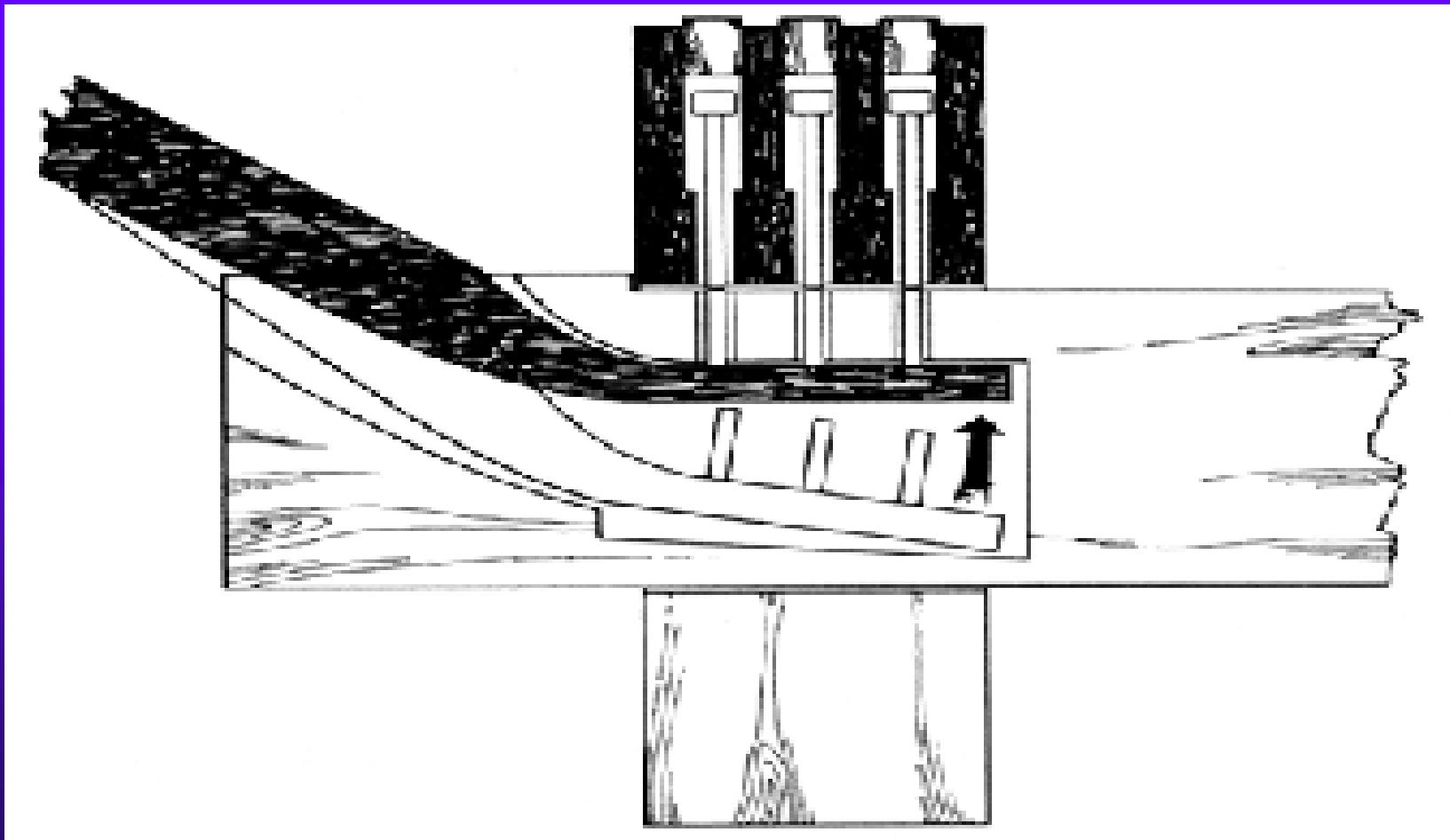




# PIN TUMBLER LOCKS

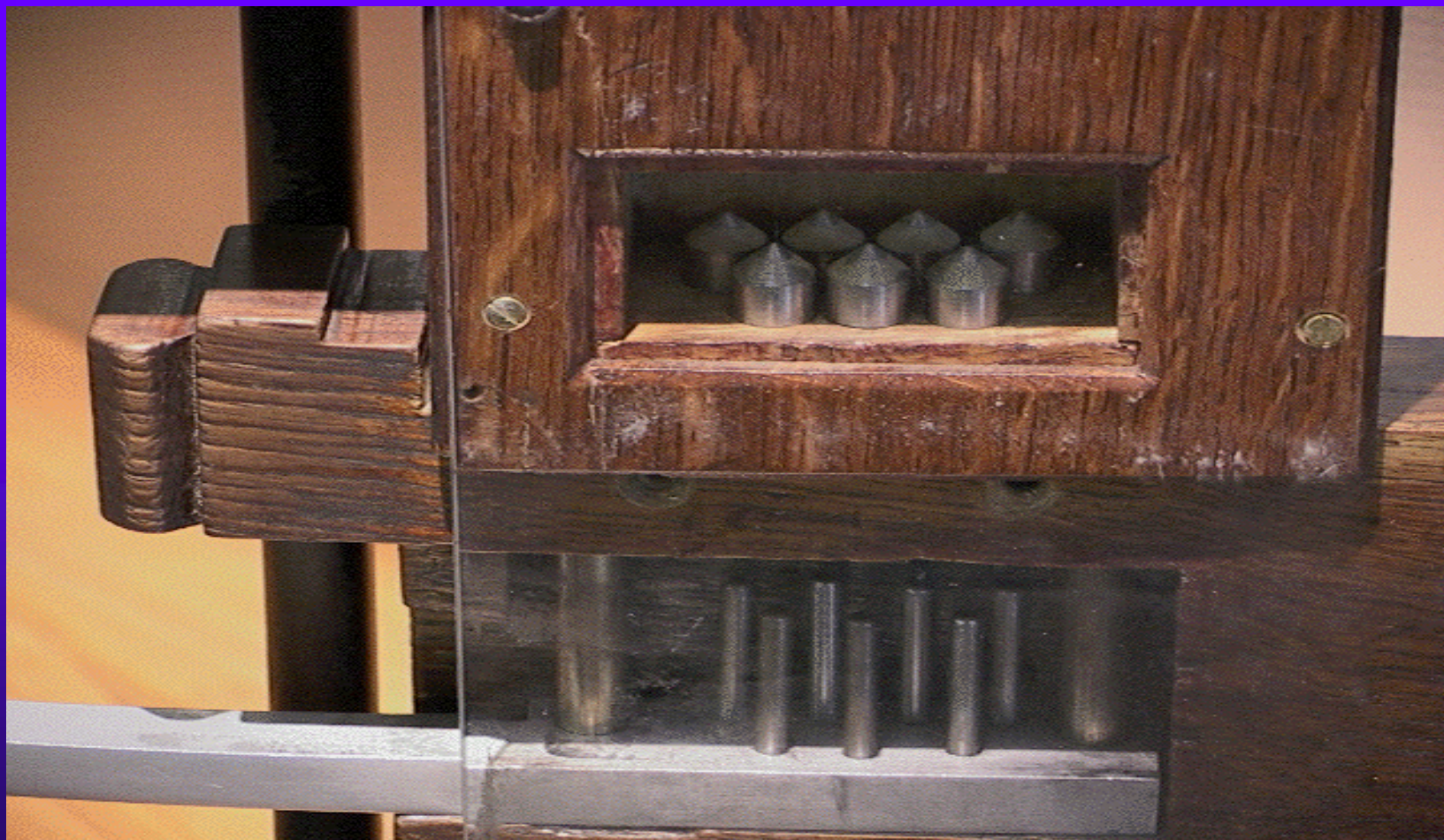
- ◆ Top pins
- ◆ Bottom pins
- ◆ Master pins
- ◆ Pin stack
- ◆ Shear line

# PIN TUMBLER – EGYPTIAN



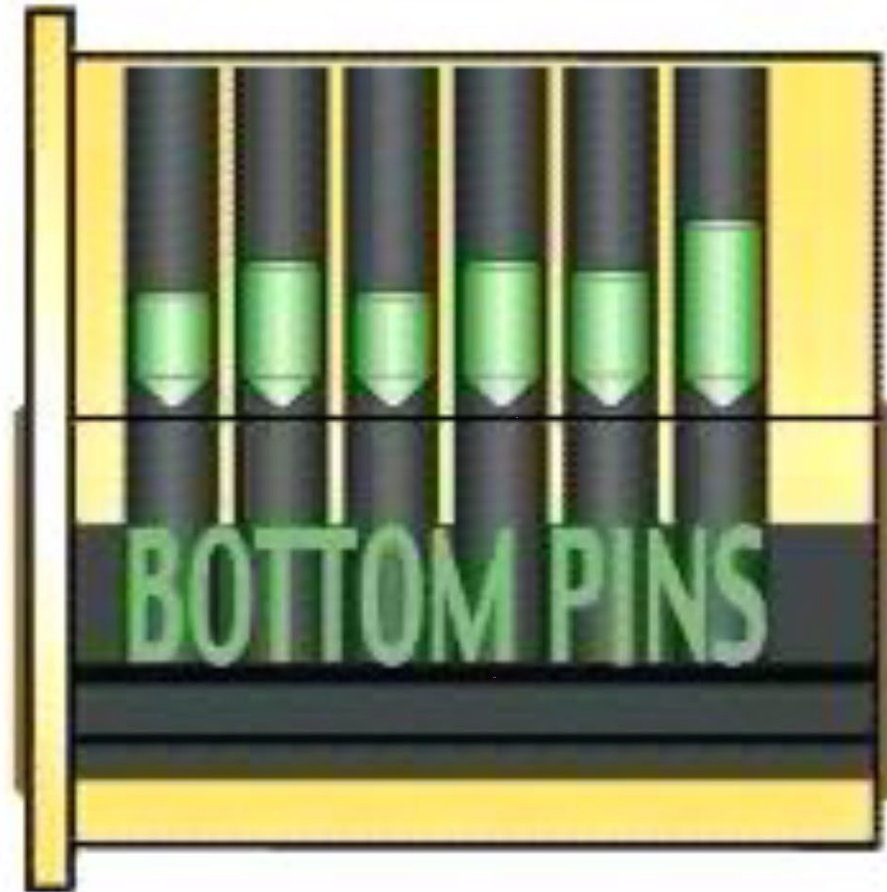


# EGYPTIAN DETAIL

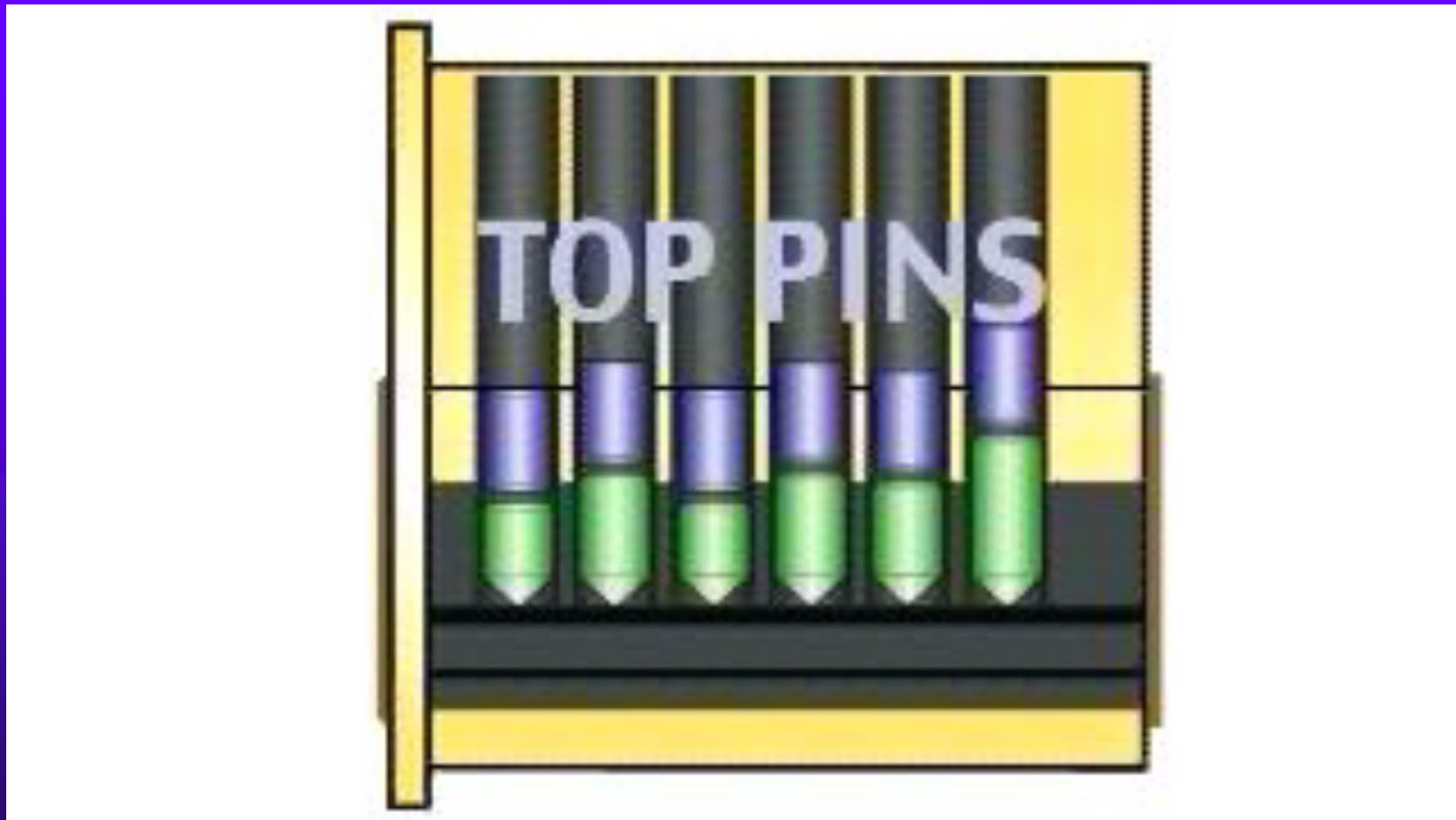




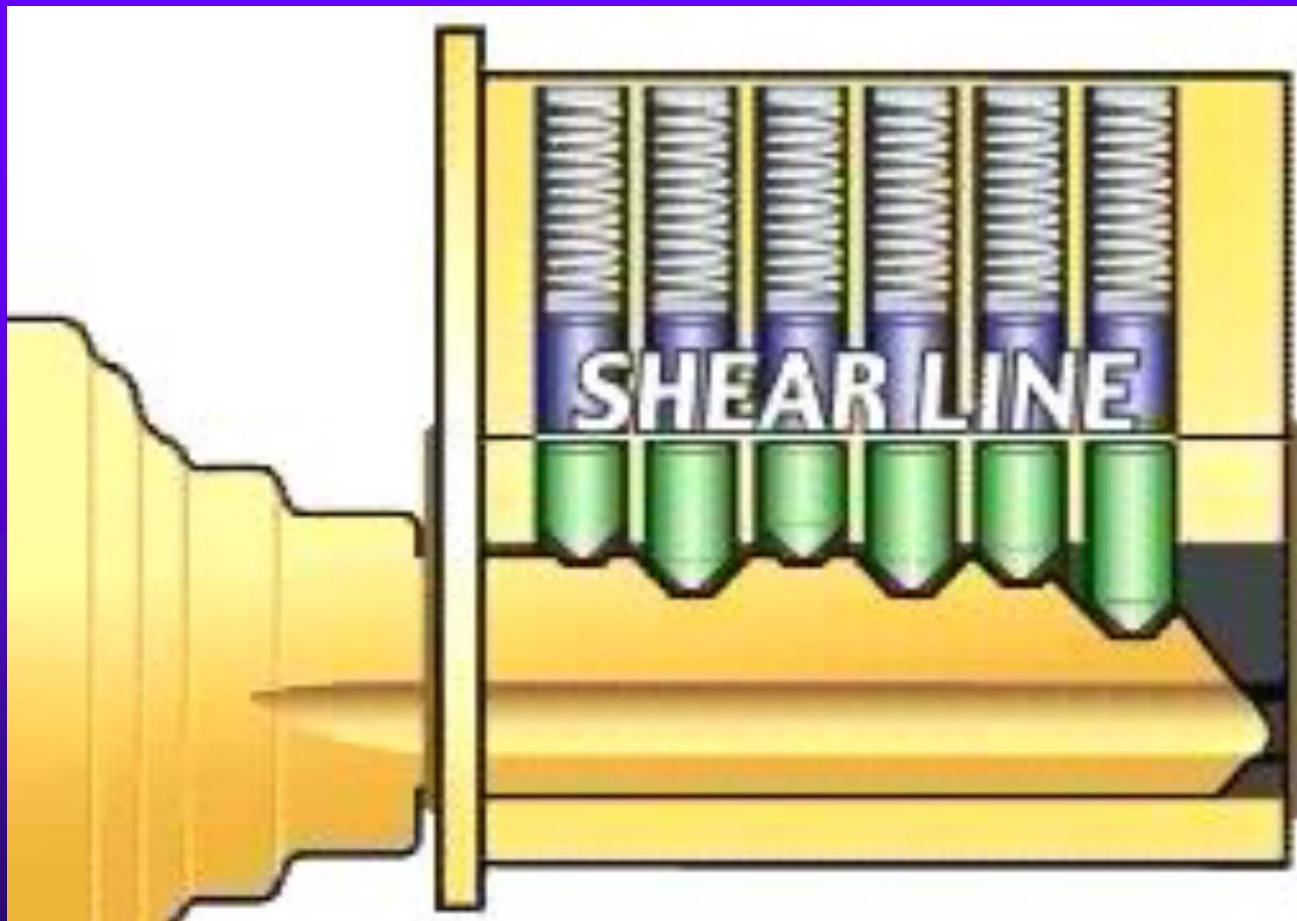
# Bottom Pin Detail



# Top Pin Detail

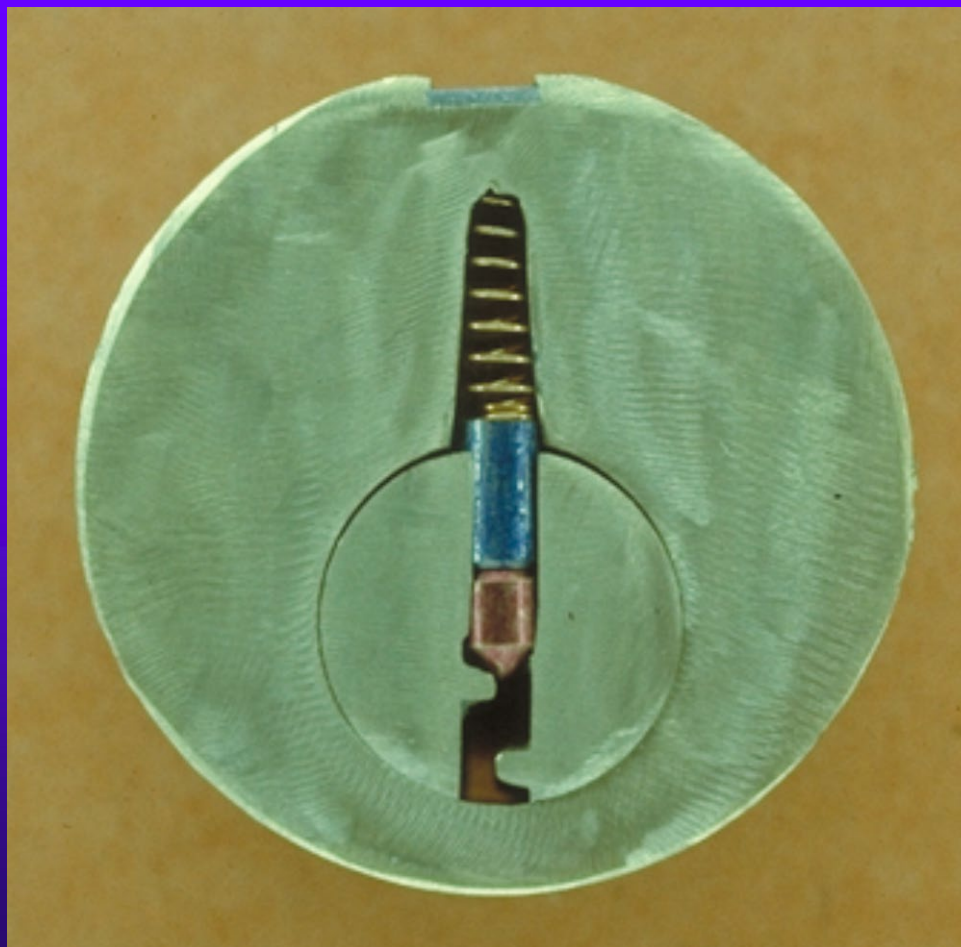


# Shear Line

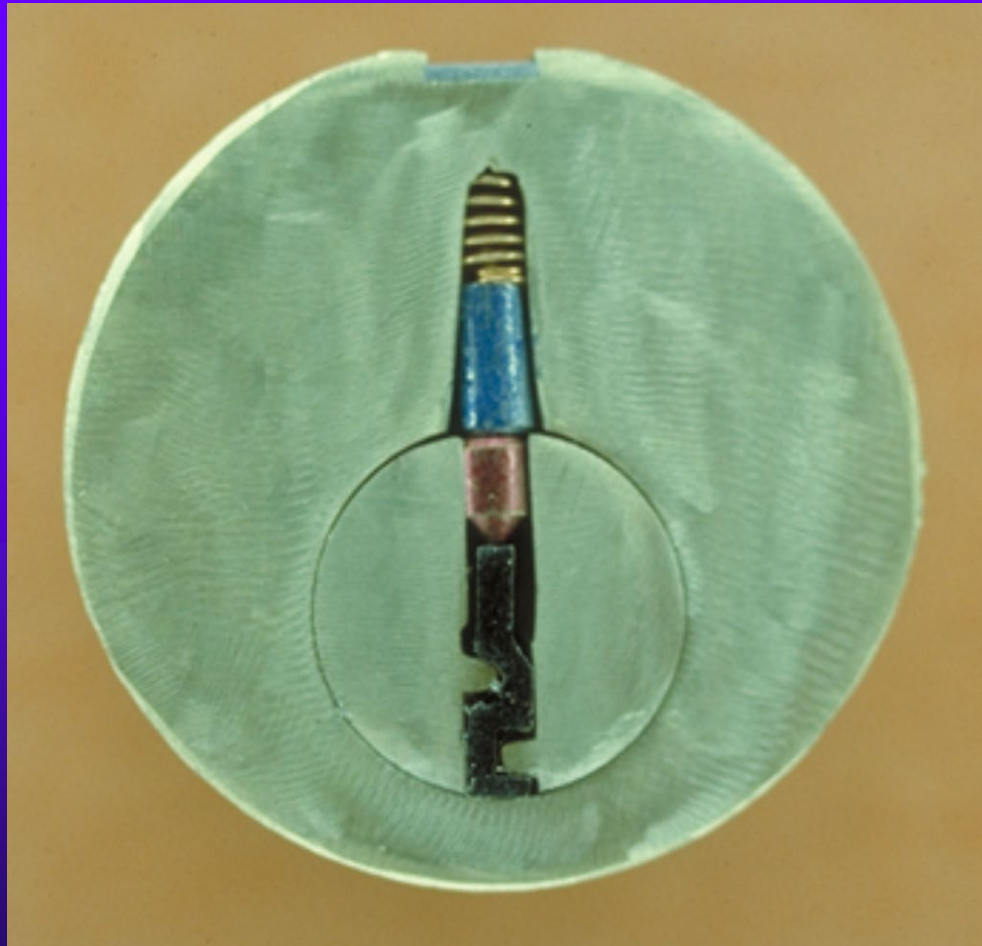




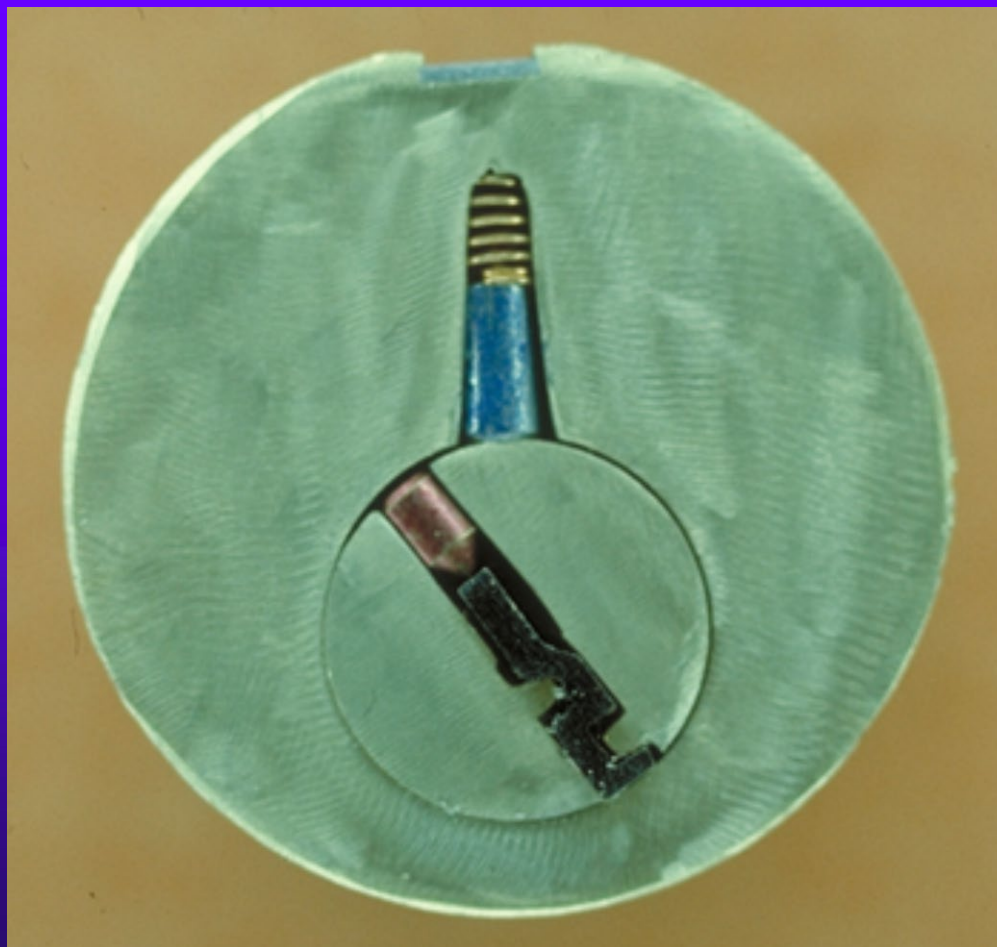
# Locked



# Pins at Shear Line

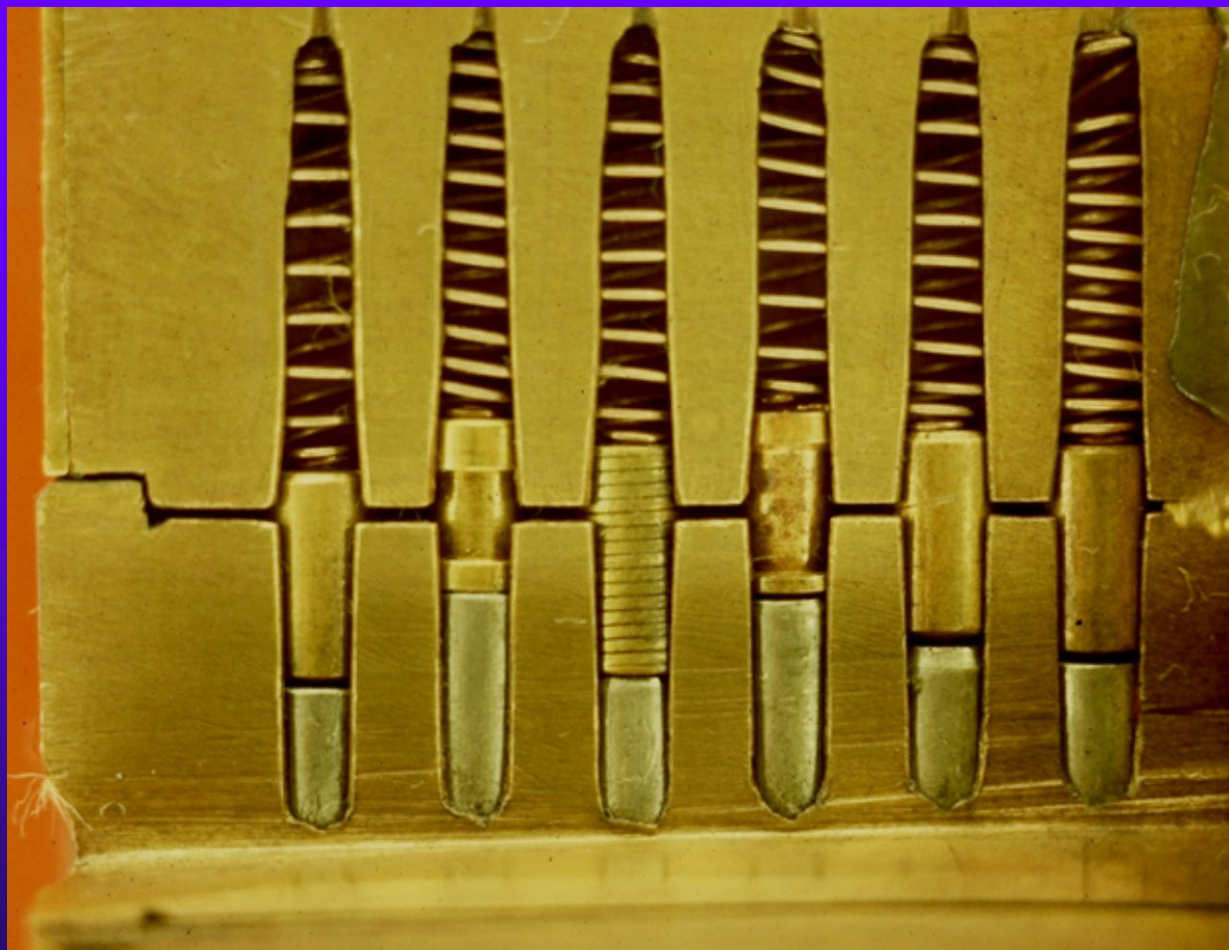


# Plug Rotated



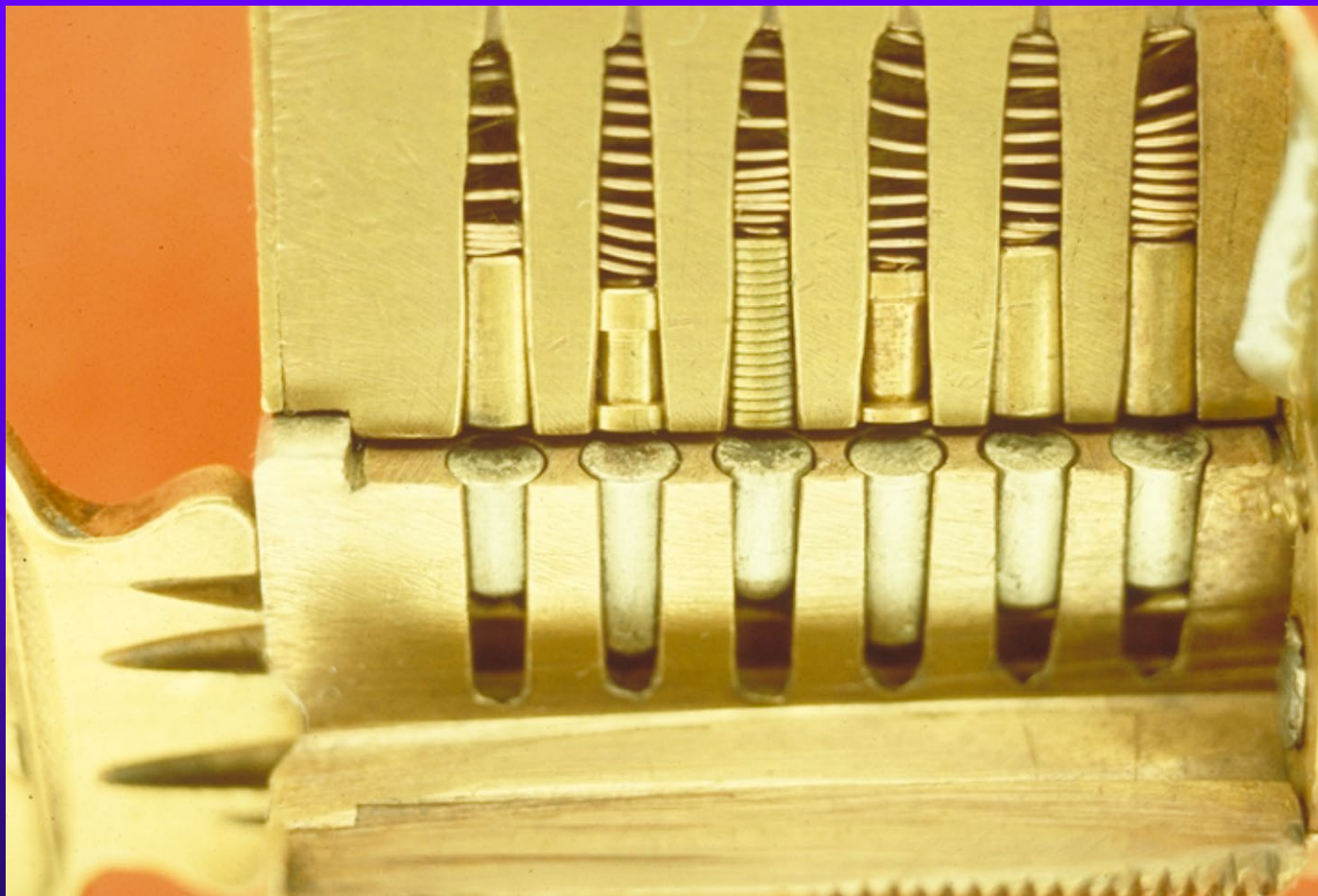


# SECURITY PINS





# SECURITY PIN DETAIL

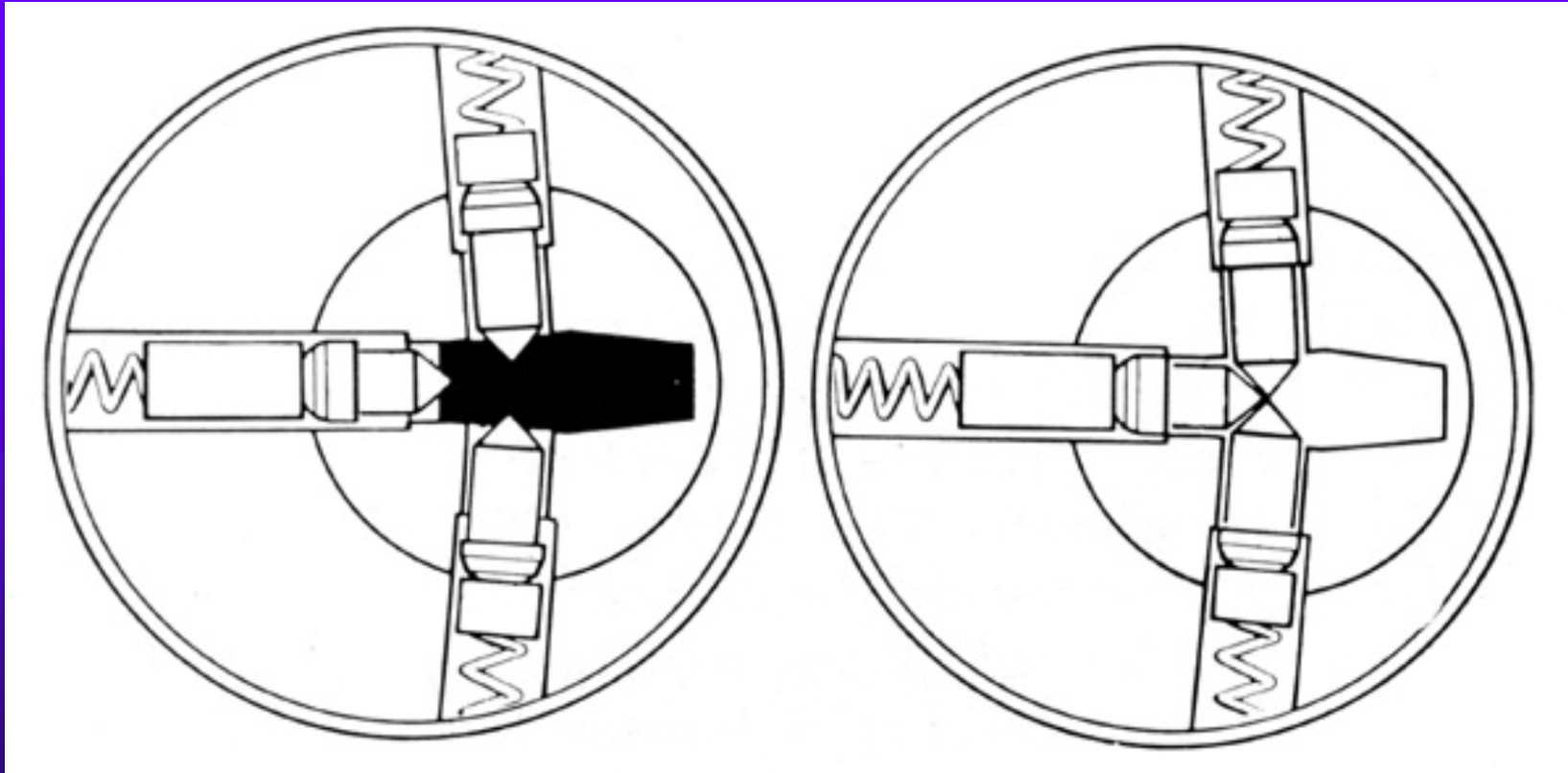




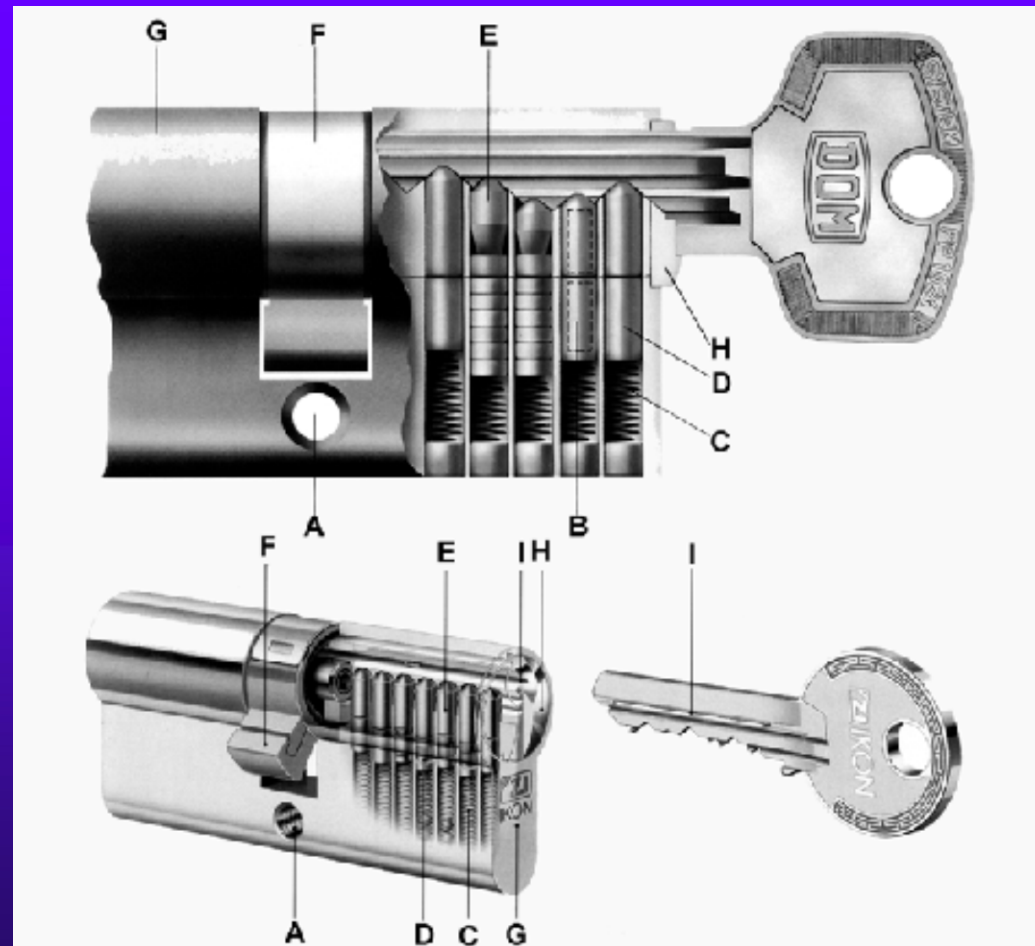
# HYBRID LOCKS

- ◆ Dimple
- ◆ Magnetic
- ◆ Rotating disk
- ◆ Split sidebar
- ◆ Laser track
- ◆ Rotating pin and sidebar

# DIMPLE LOCK PIN DETAIL

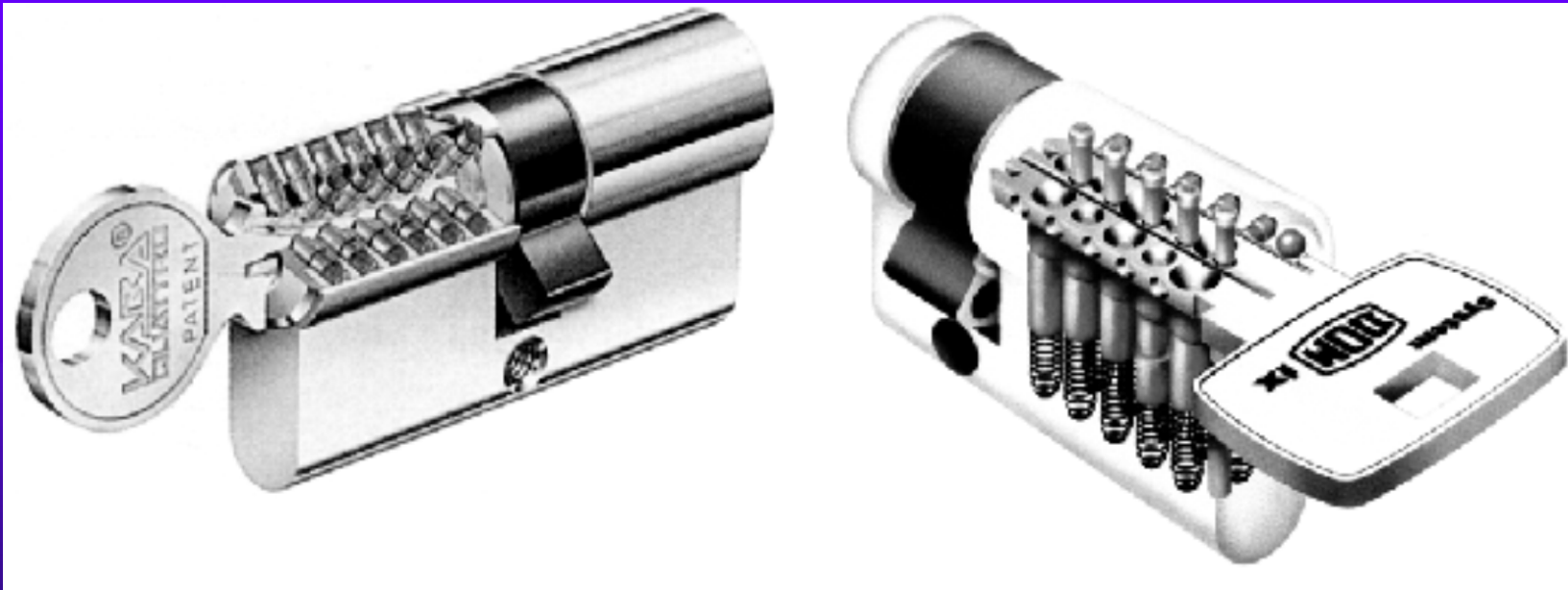


# DOM PIN TUMBLER LOCK

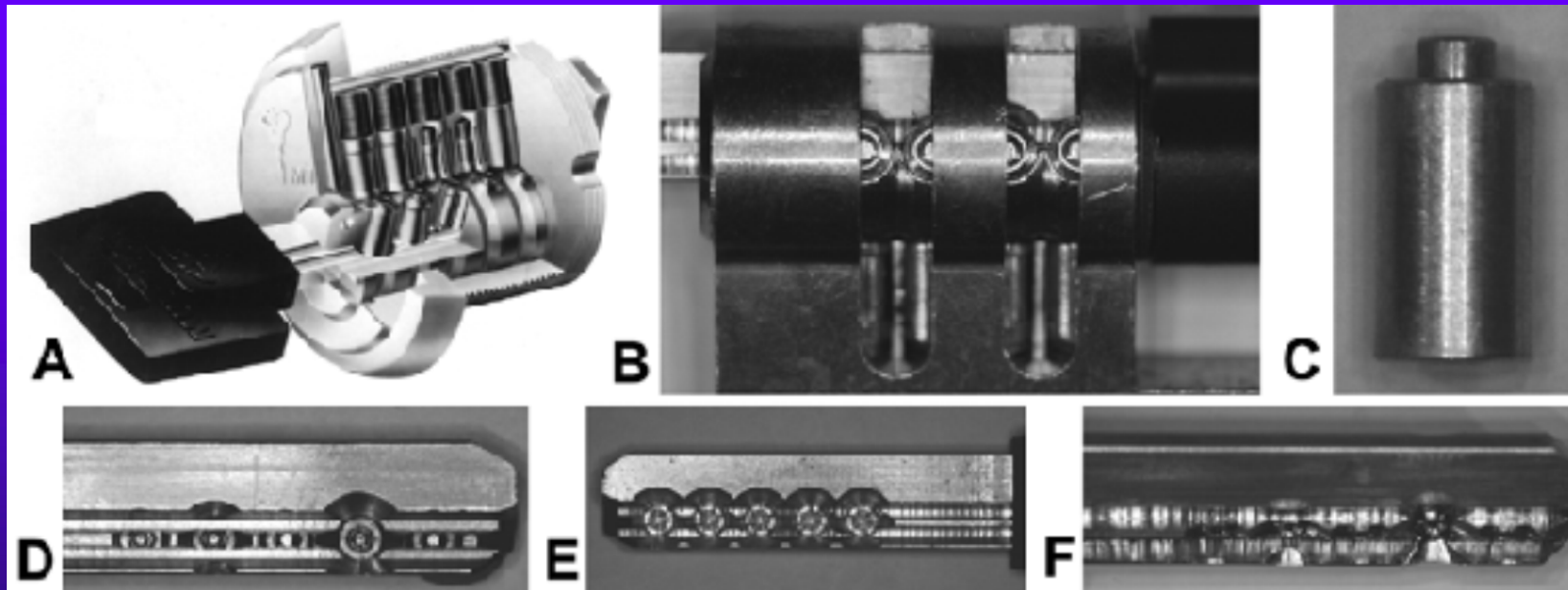




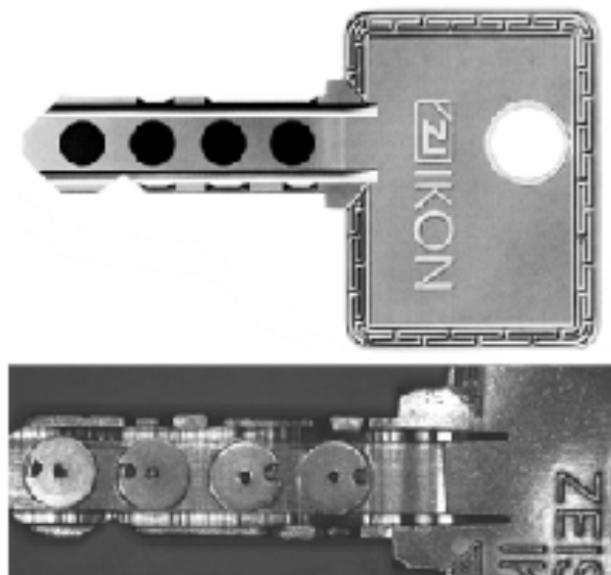
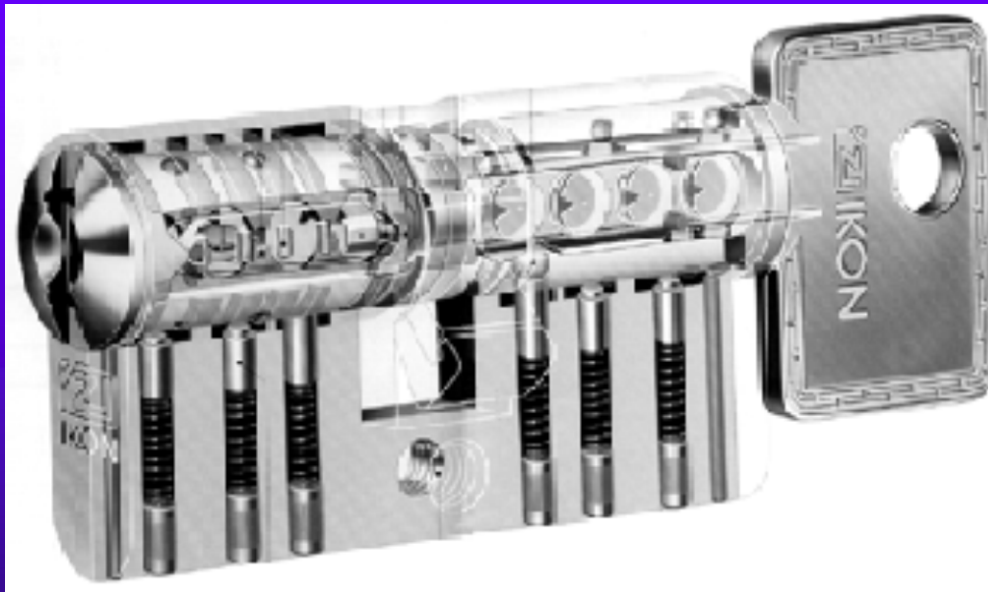
# DIMPLE LOCK BY DOM



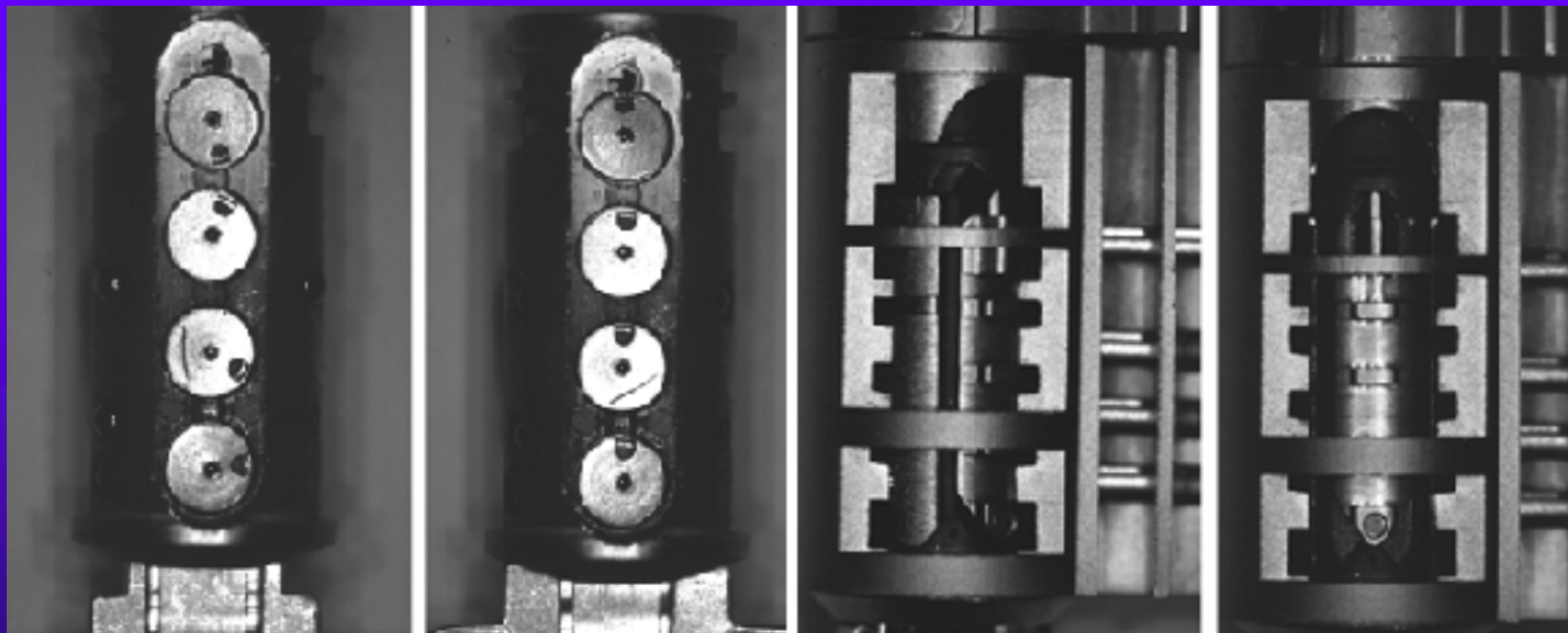
# MUL-T-LOCK DIMPLE



# MAGNETIC SIDEBAR



# IKON Magnetic Detail

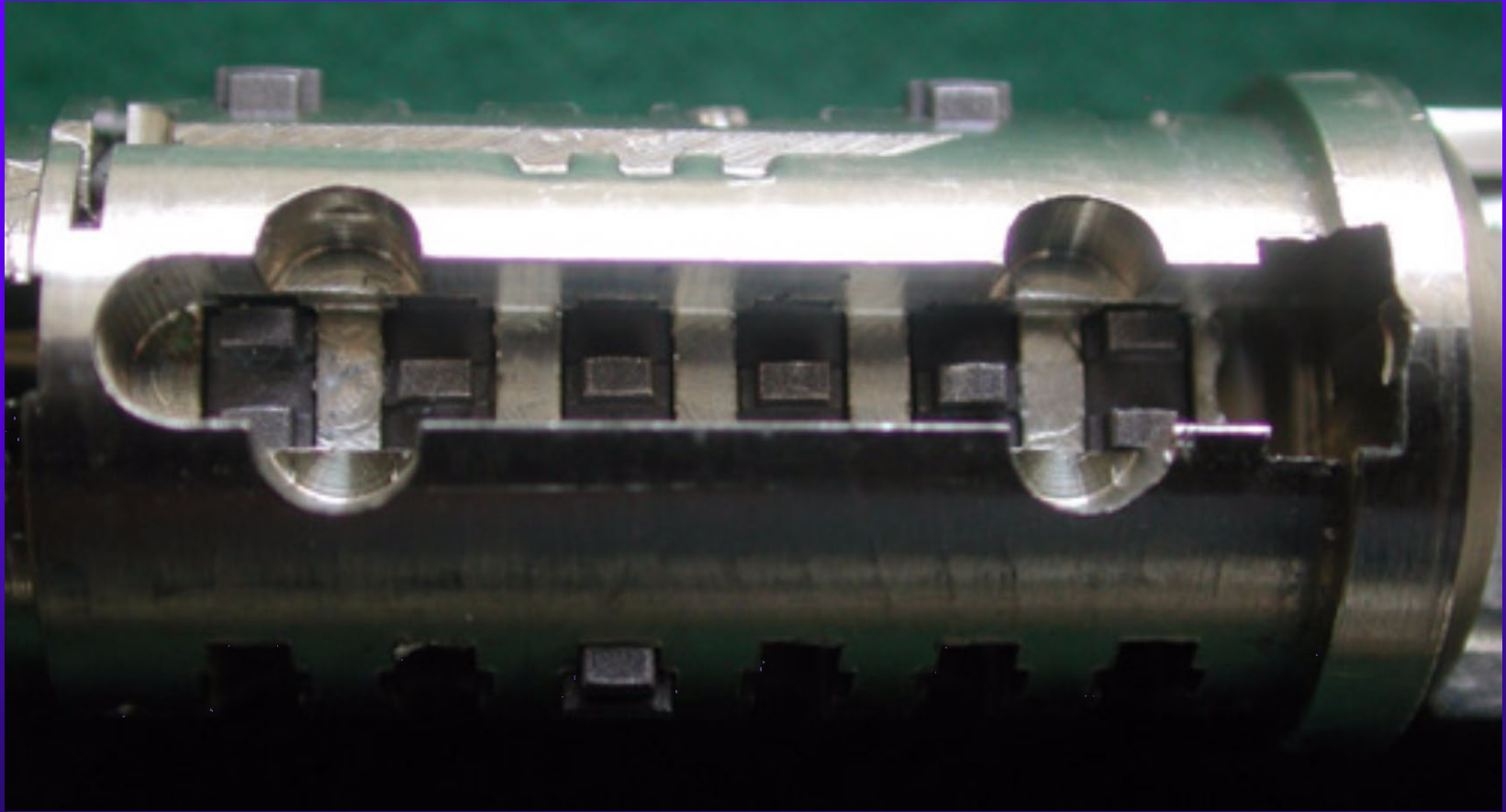




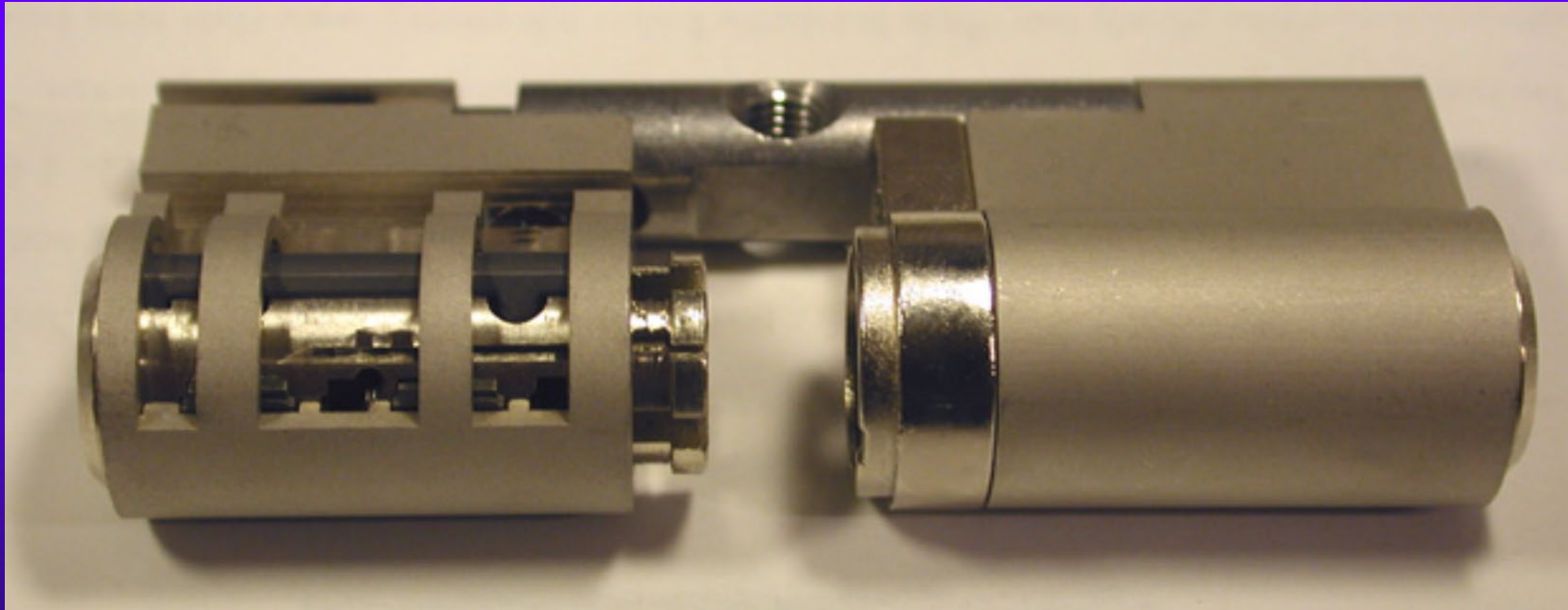
# LASER TRACK – EVVA 3KS



# 3KS Sidebar Locking Principle

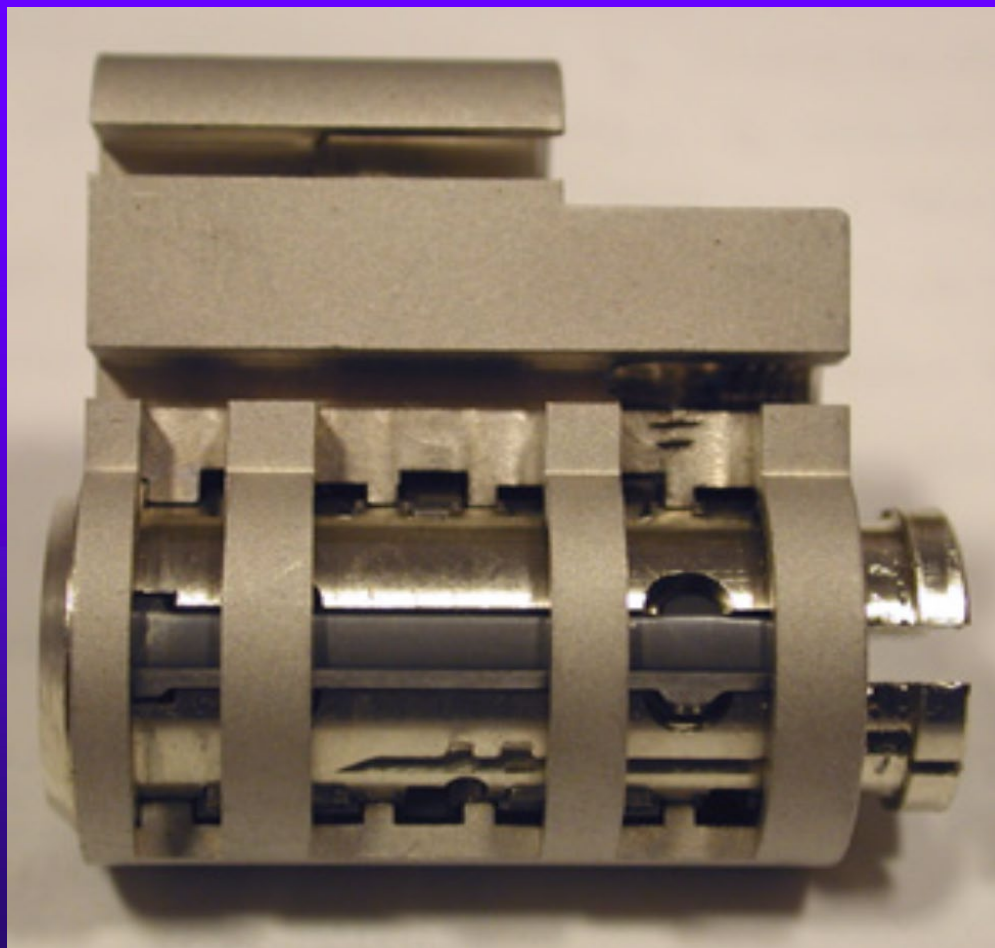


# 3KS Locked Cylinder



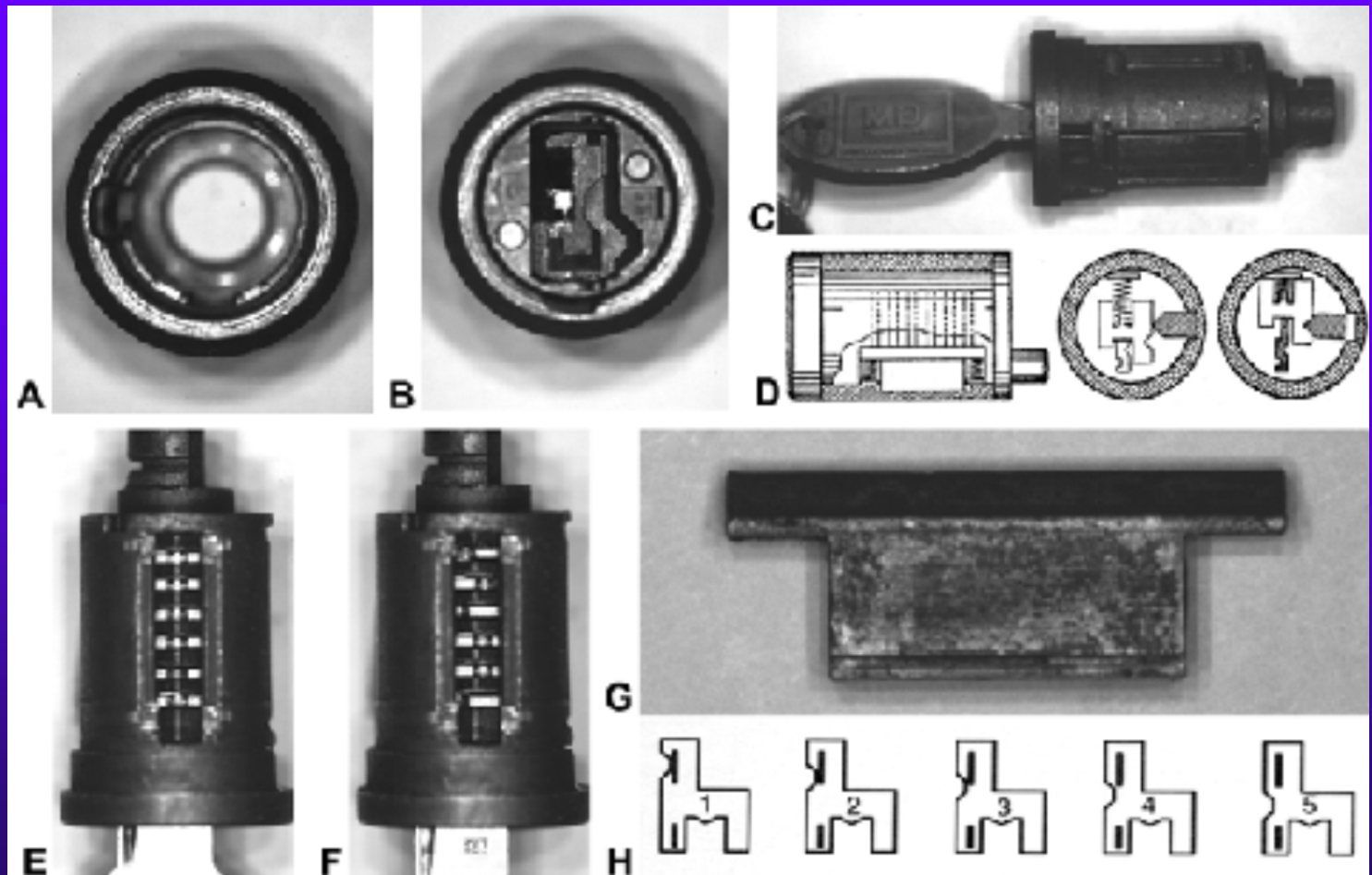


# 3KS Unlocked Cylinder

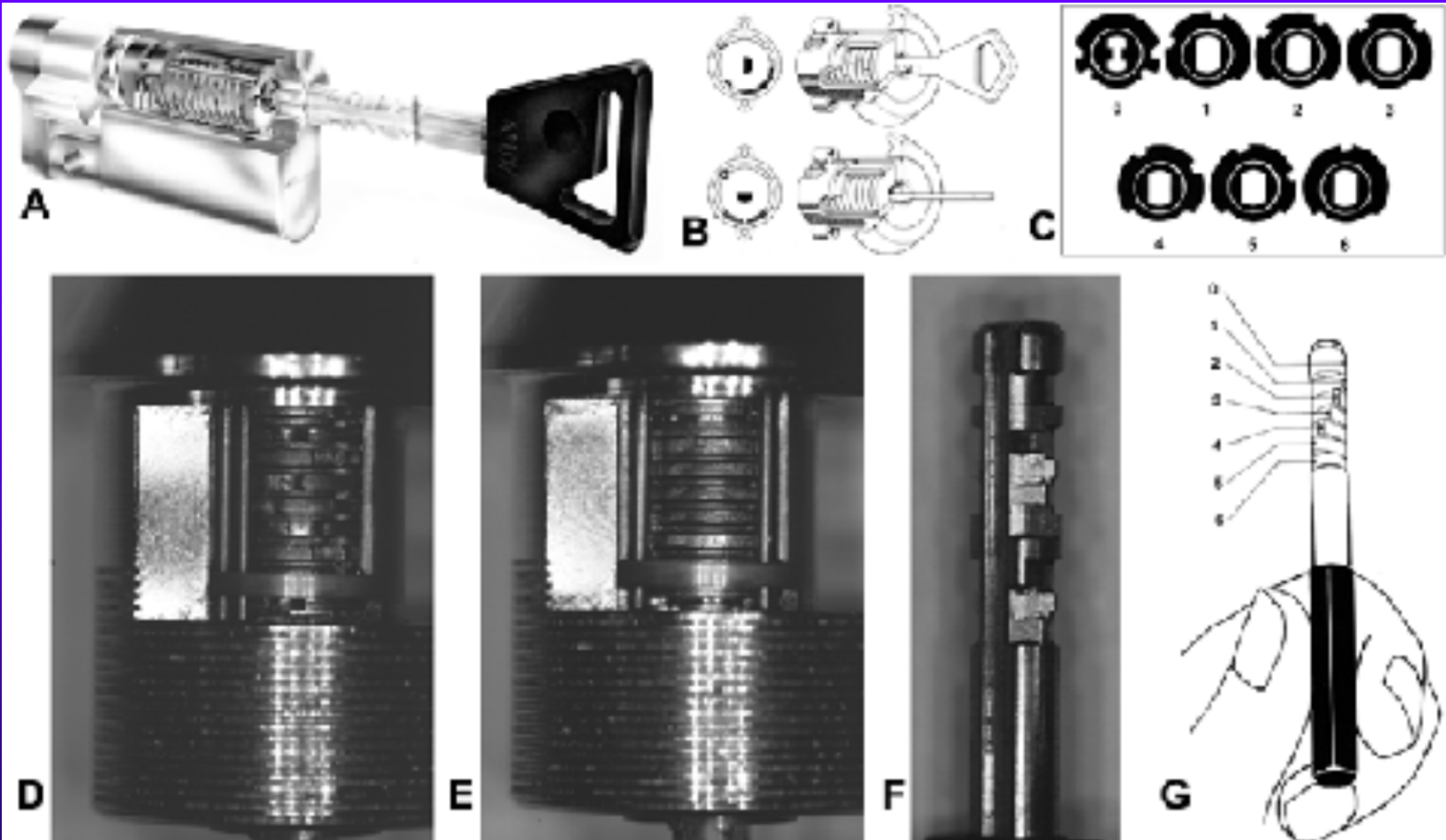




# G M SIDEBAR



# ABLOY ROTATING DISK





# BYPASS OF LOCKS

- ◆ Many methods
- ◆ Sophisticated and simple
- ◆ Often Manufacturers do not know of techniques
- ◆ Low to high skill
- ◆ Never say Never!



# PRIMARY BYPASS TECHNIQUES

- ◆ Picking
- ◆ Decoding
- ◆ Impressioning





# BYPASS TECHNIQUES

- ◆ Mechanical Bypass
- ◆ Core Shimming
- ◆ Pin and Cam
- ◆ Pick and form – foil
- ◆ Stack Probing – length of pin stack
- ◆ Sac probing – break points



# More Bypass Techniques

- ◆ Electronic decoding
- ◆ Plasticine reading
- ◆ Auto impressioning using foil
- ◆ Tryout keys
- ◆ Shim wire decoding
- ◆ Radioscopy
- ◆ Borescope



# More Bypass Techniques

- ◆ Belly Reading
- ◆ Skeleton keys
- ◆ Comb pick
- ◆ Rapping
- ◆ Scratch reading of levers
- ◆ Vibration techniques
- ◆ Auto manipulation of components
- ◆ Combination of techniques



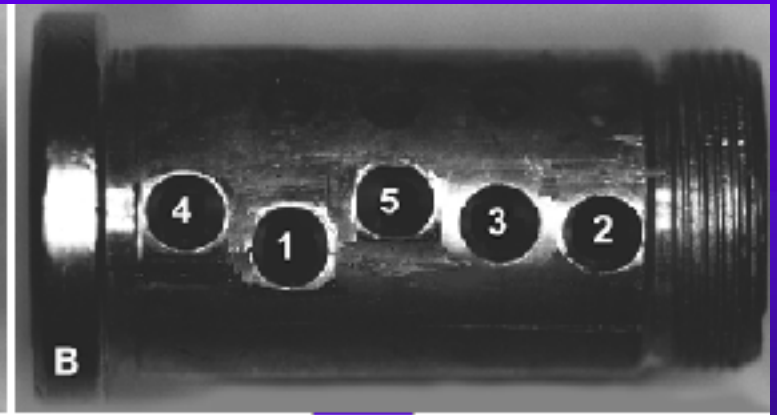
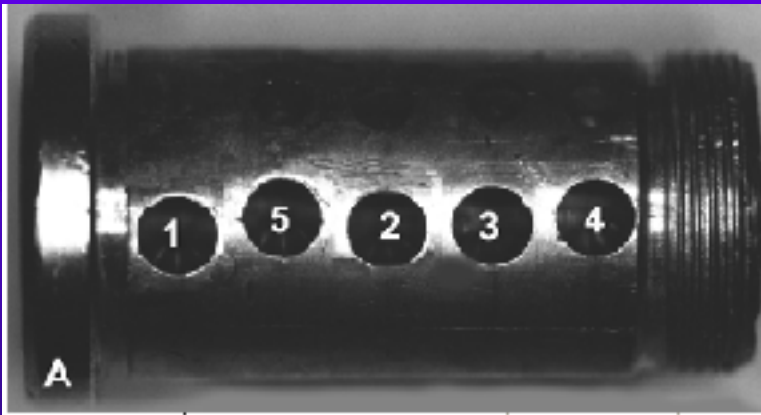
# More Bypass Techniques

- ◆ Rocking with computer picks
- ◆ Pick guns
- ◆ Special pick and decode tools
- ◆ Cross keys
- ◆ Electronic signature analysis



# PICKING TOOLS

## ◆ What is Picking?



# PICKING A CYLINDER APPLY TENSION



# Move Pins with Pick





# BASIC PICKS

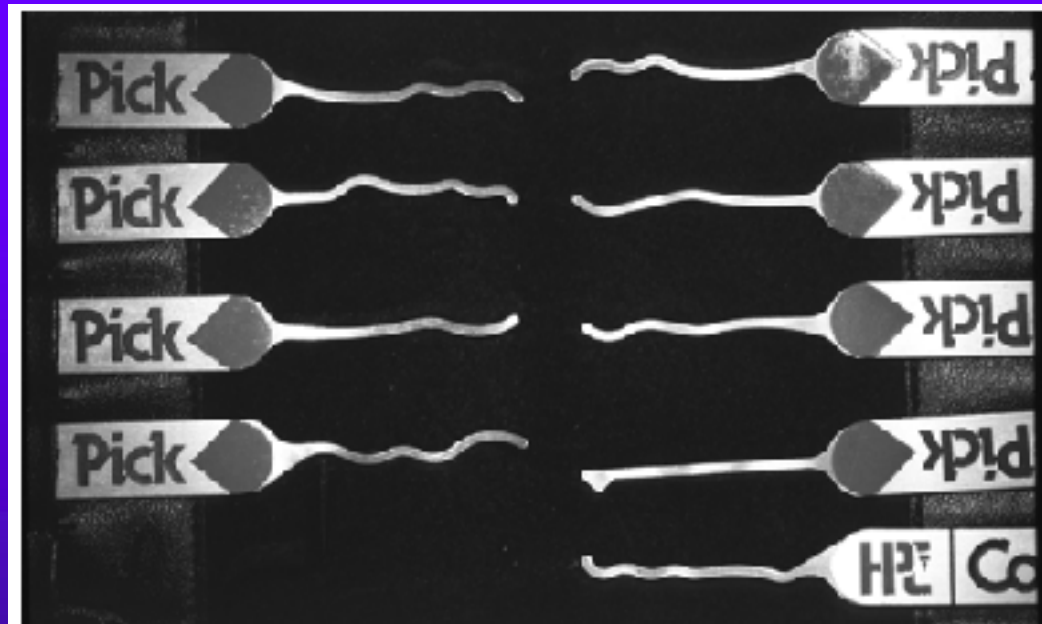




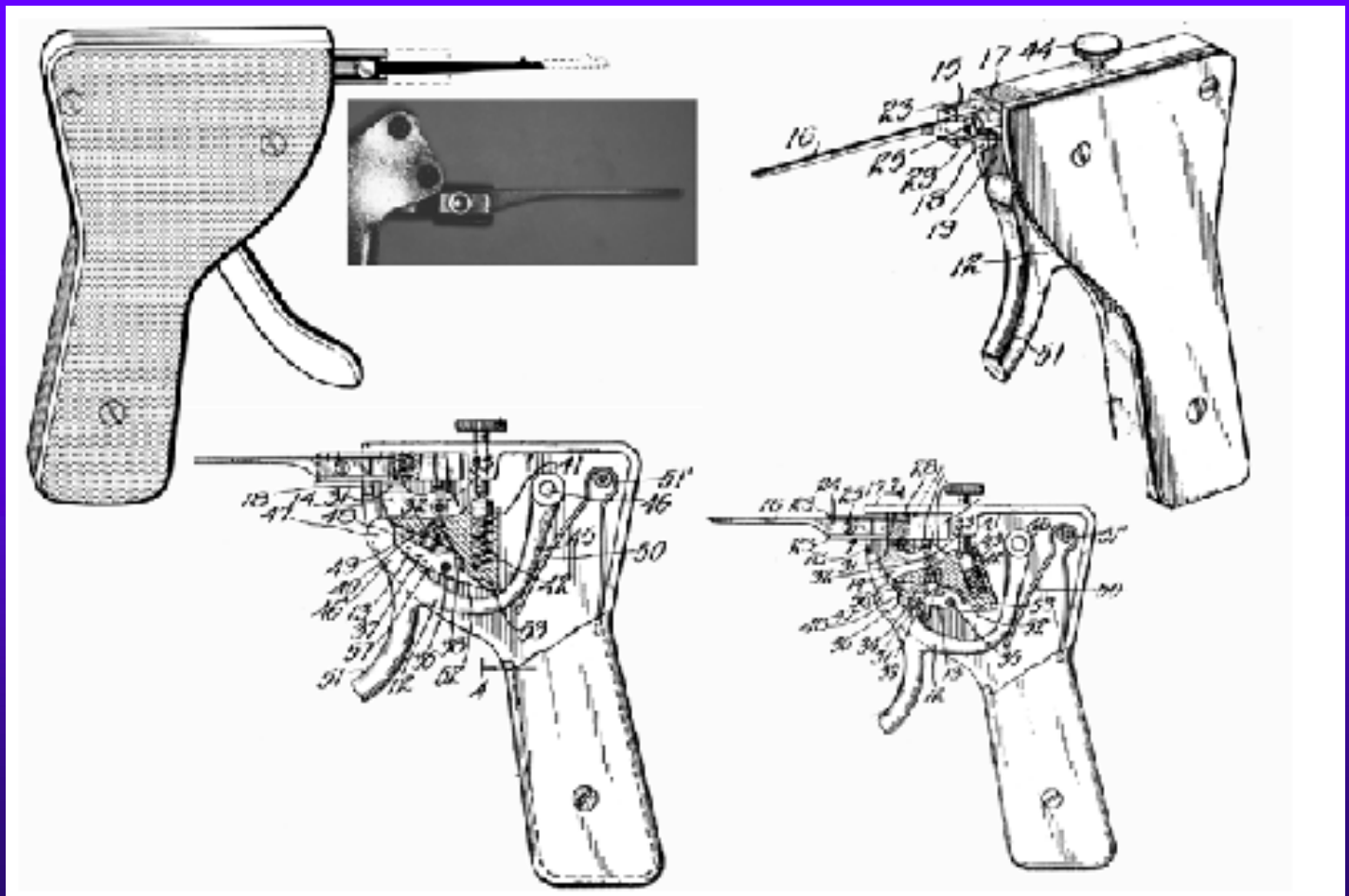
# PICK SET – PROFESSIONAL



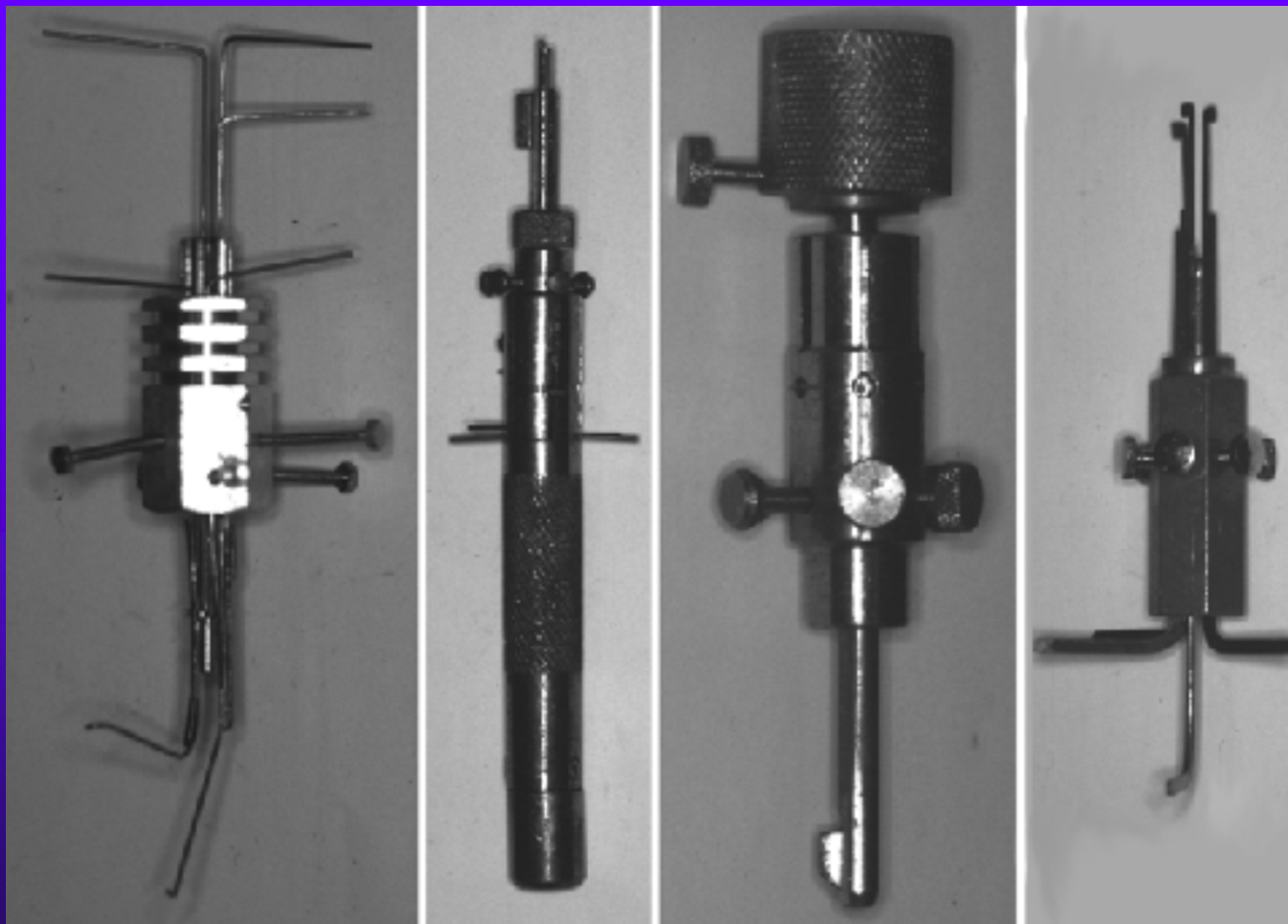
# COMPUTER PICKS



# PICK GUNS

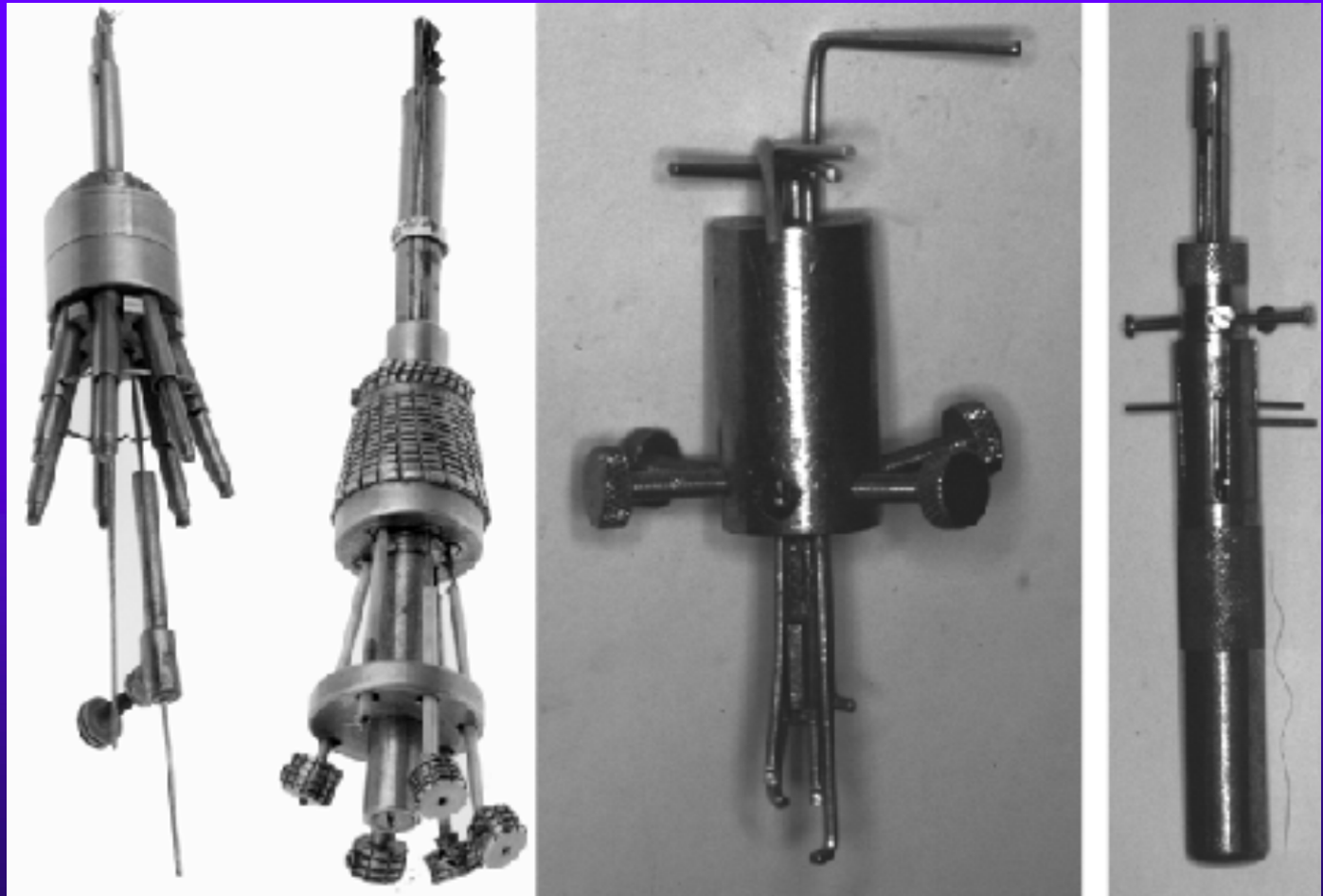


# SPECIAL PICKS

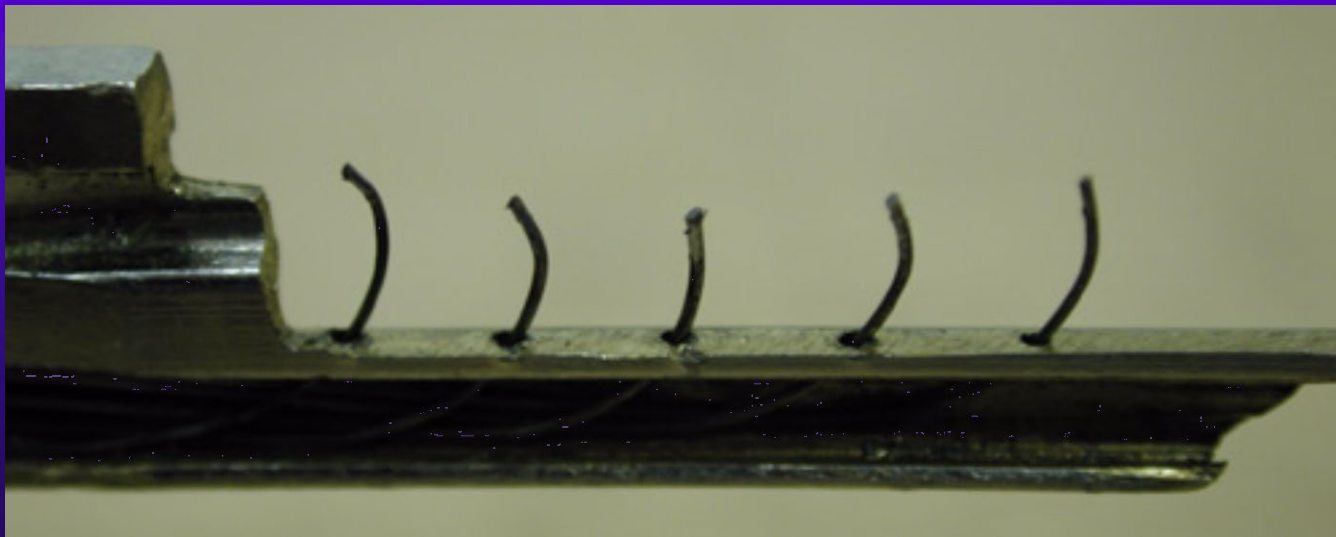




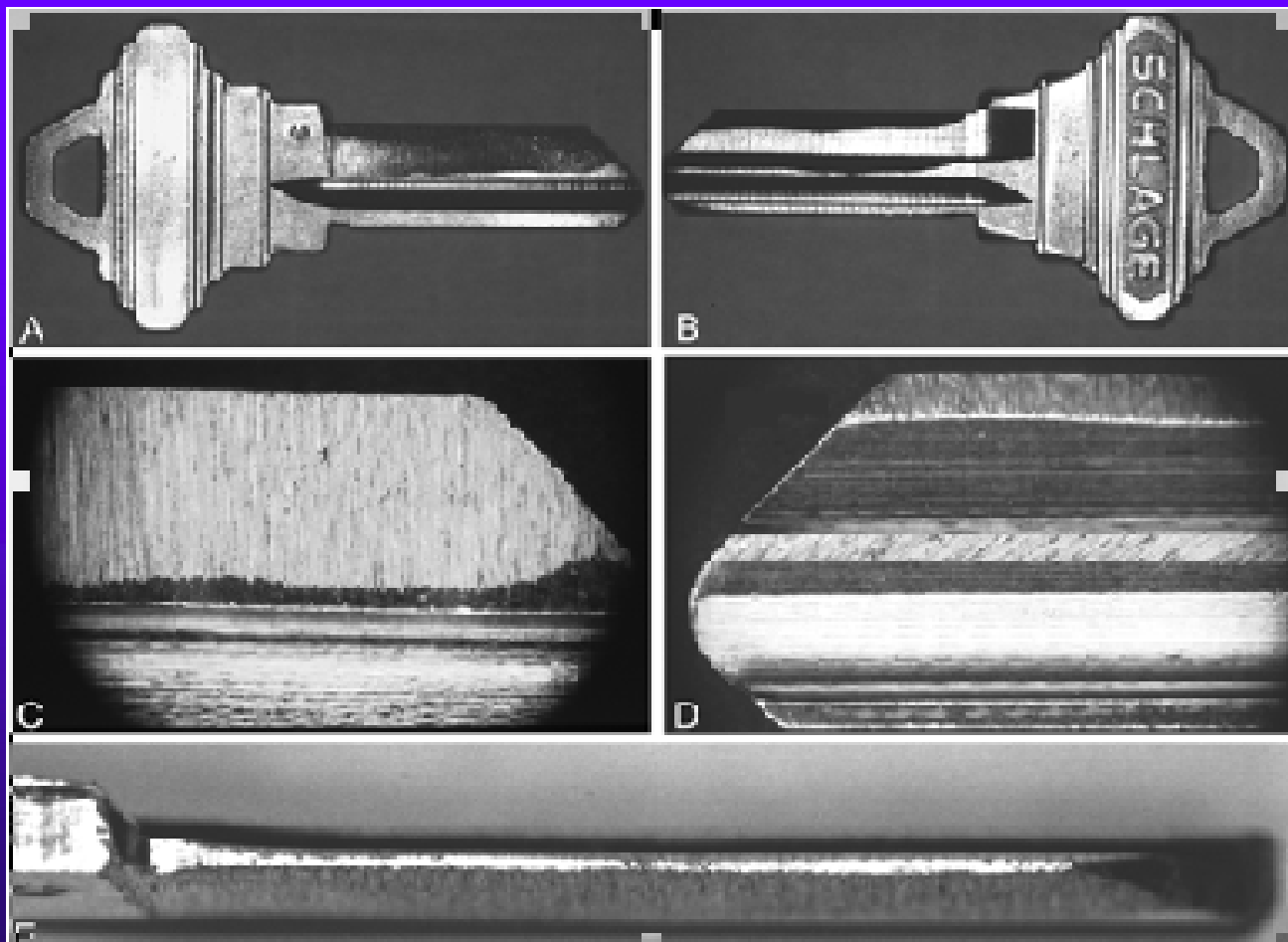
# More Special Picks – Europe



# SPUTNIK PICK

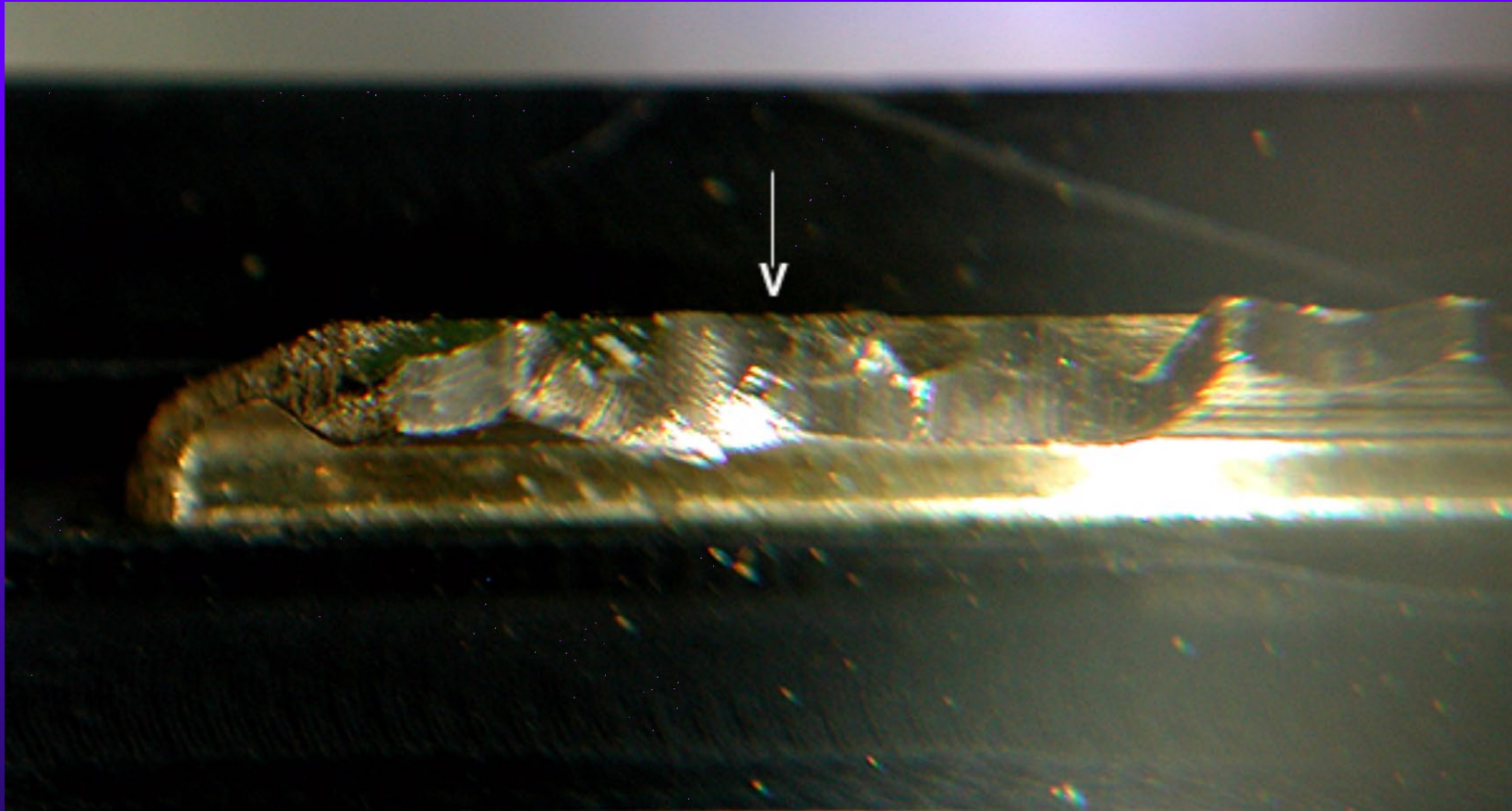


# IMPRESSIONING



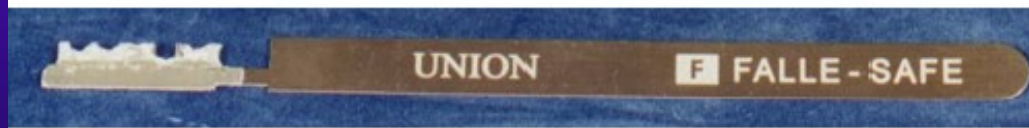
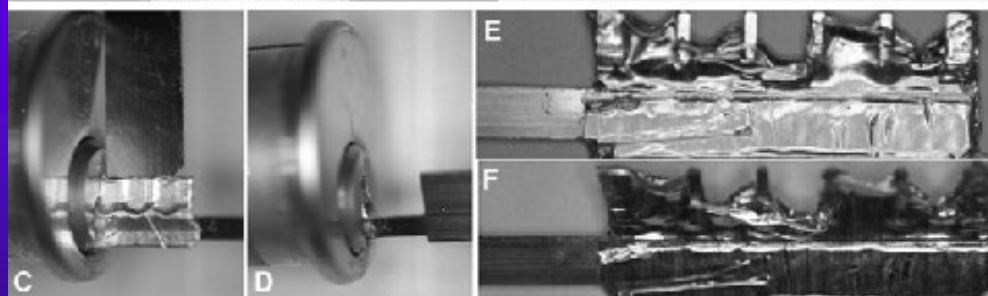
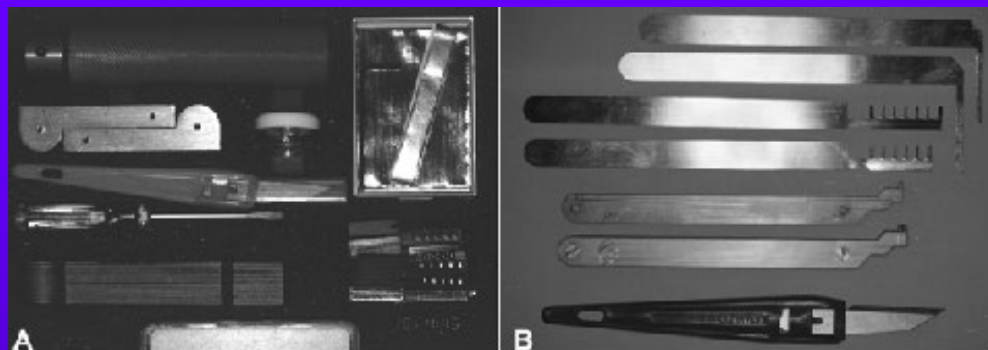


# Marks are Produced

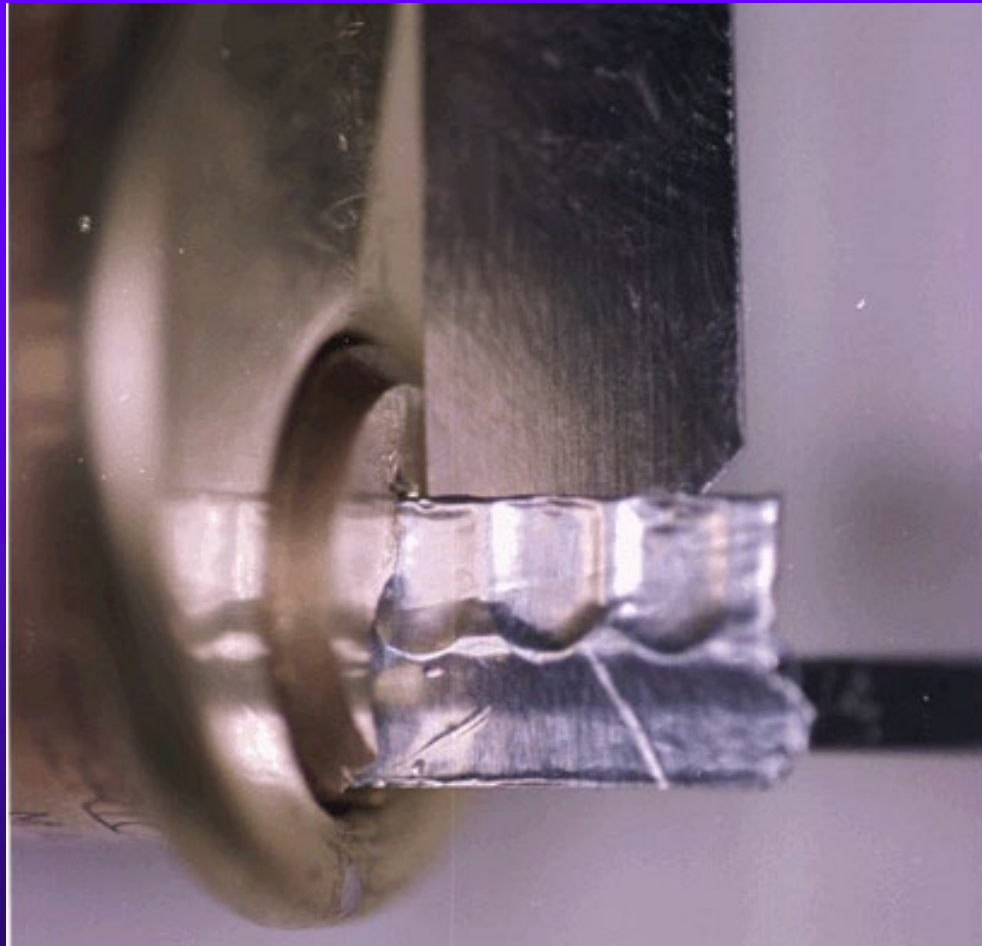




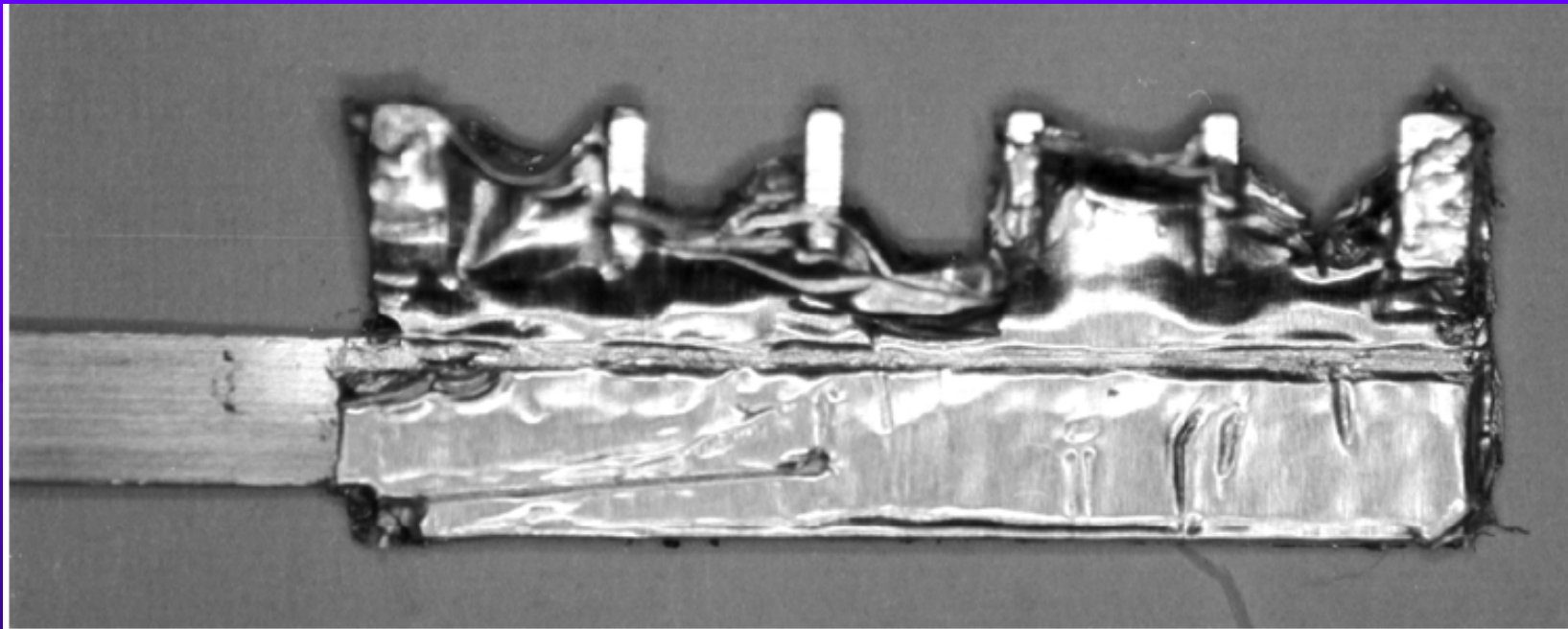
# FOIL IMPRESSIONING TOOLS



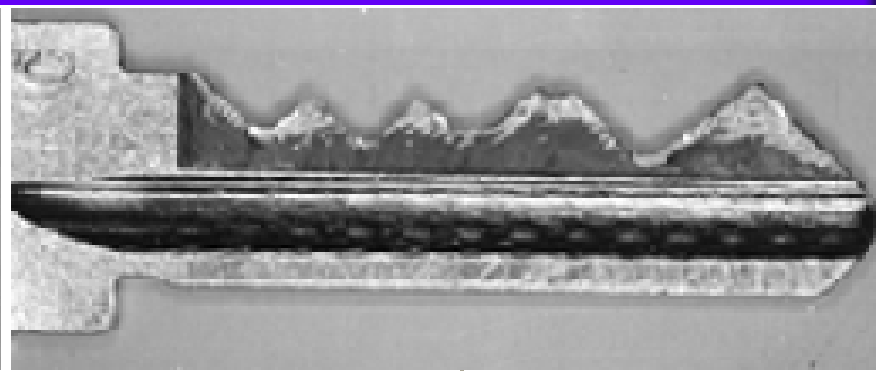
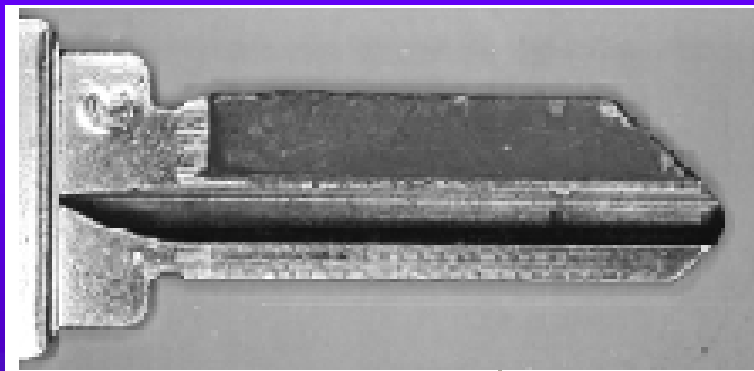
# Foil Blank Key is Inserted



# Foil Key is Produced



# LEAD COMPOSITE IMPRESSIONING







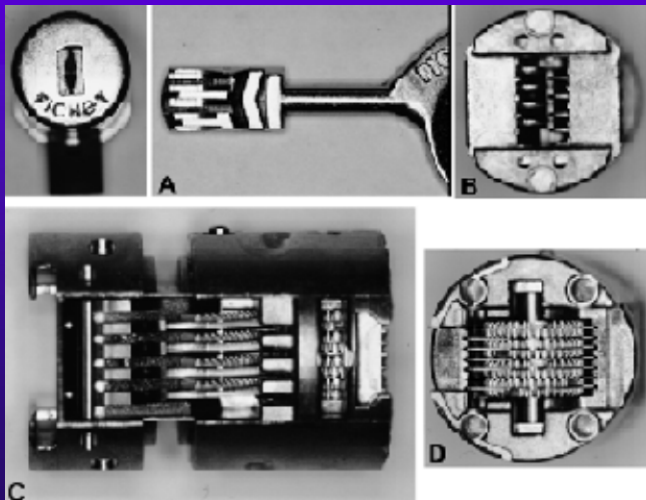
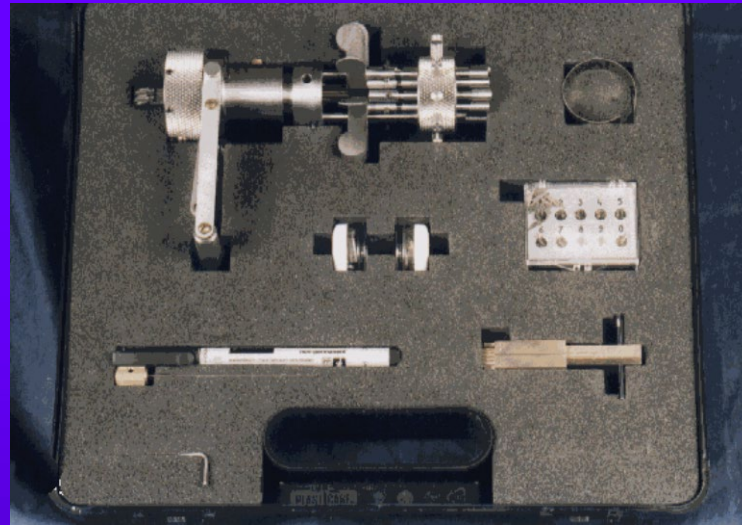
# DECODING OF LOCKS

Many techniques

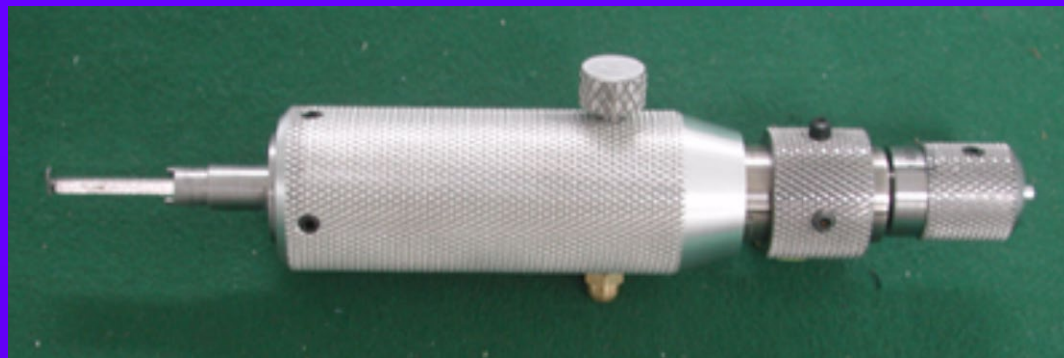
Many specialized tools

Derive key codes to simulate or generate a key

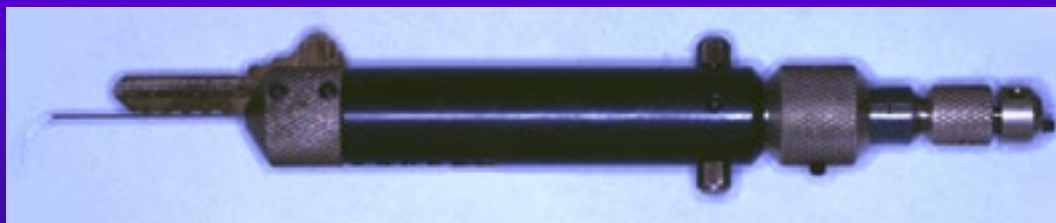
# DECODING OF LOCKS



# DECODING OF LOCKS



# DECODING OF LOCKS





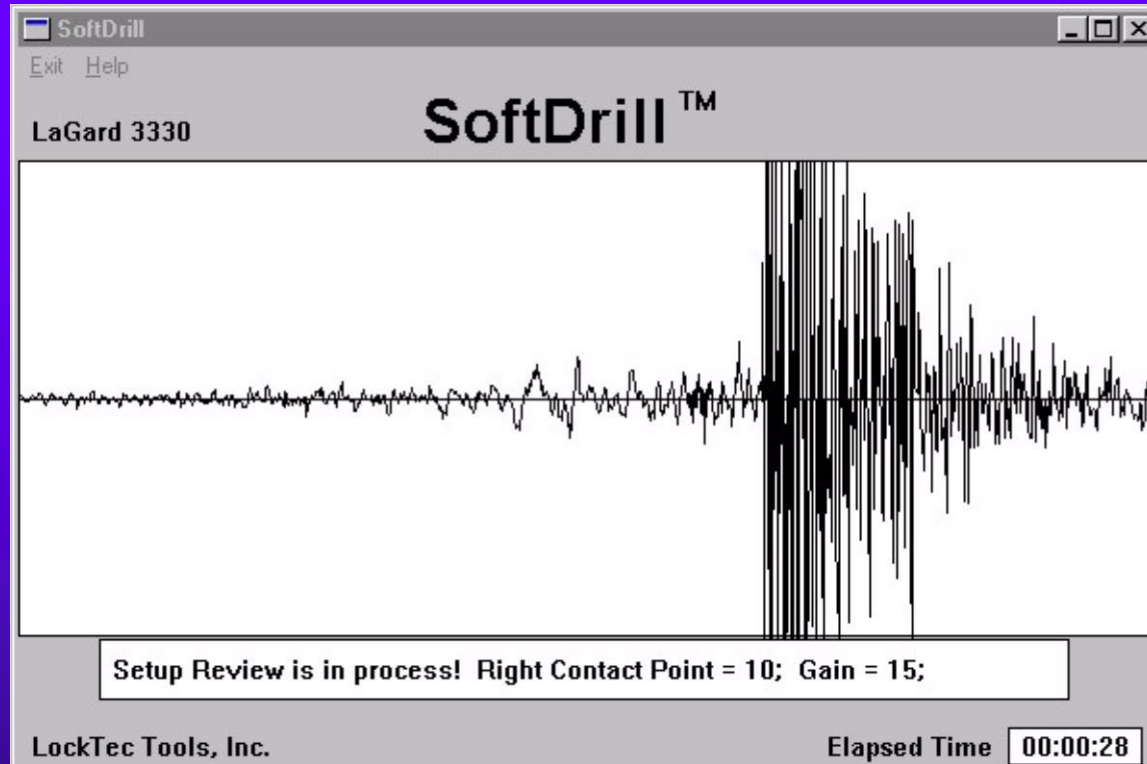
# Variable Key Generation



# MANIPULATION OF COMBINATION LOCKS



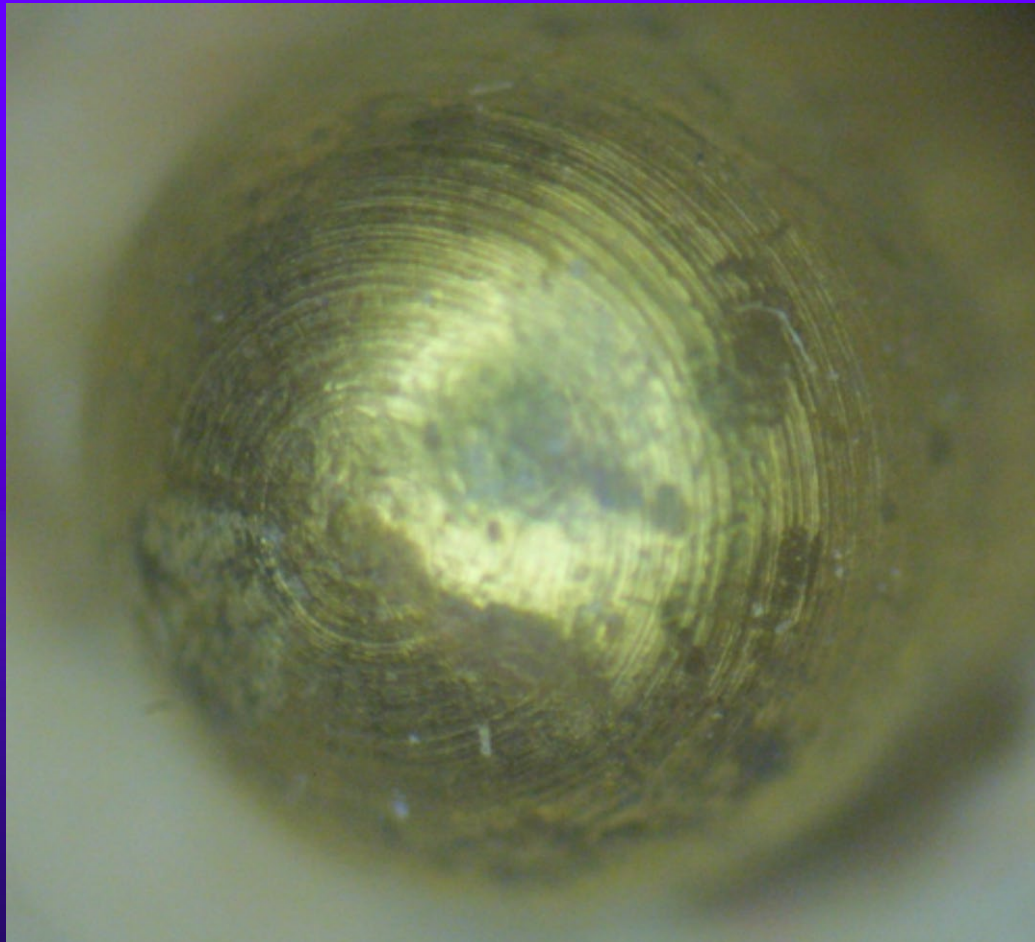
# Soft Drill Output Data



- ☐ Increase cam park position
- ☐ Decrease cam park position
- ☐ Increase Gain and Click
- ☐ Decrease Gain and Click
- ☐ Click
- ☐ MultiClick
- ☐ Continue Test

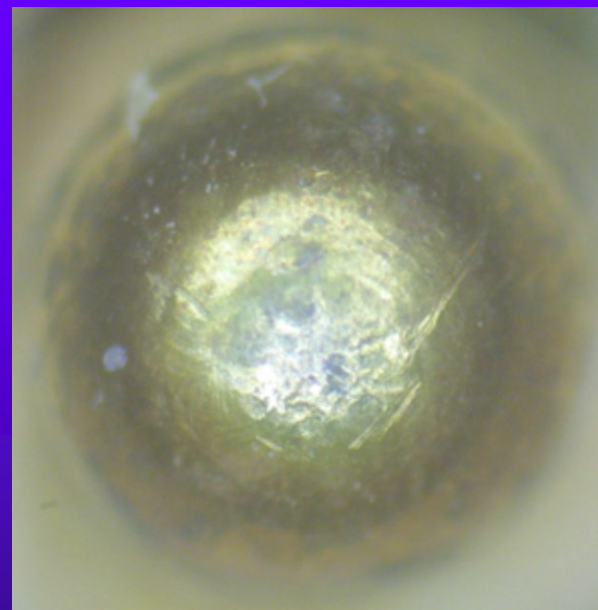
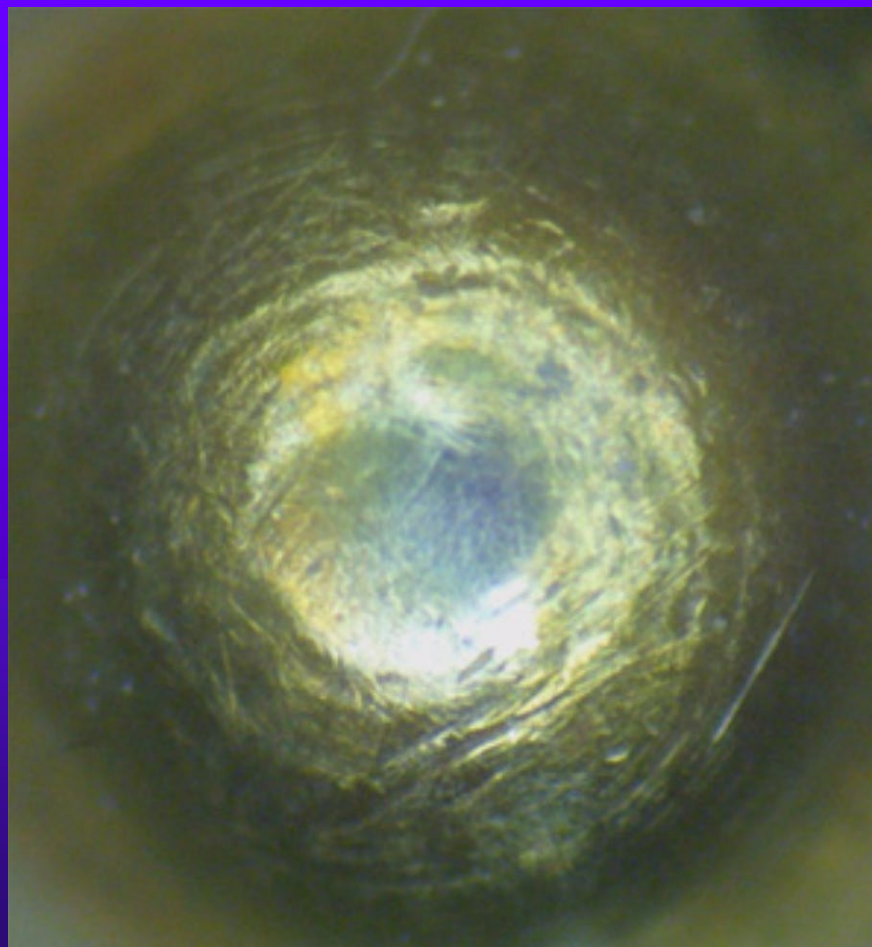
Cancel

# FORENSIC INDICIA OF BYPASS

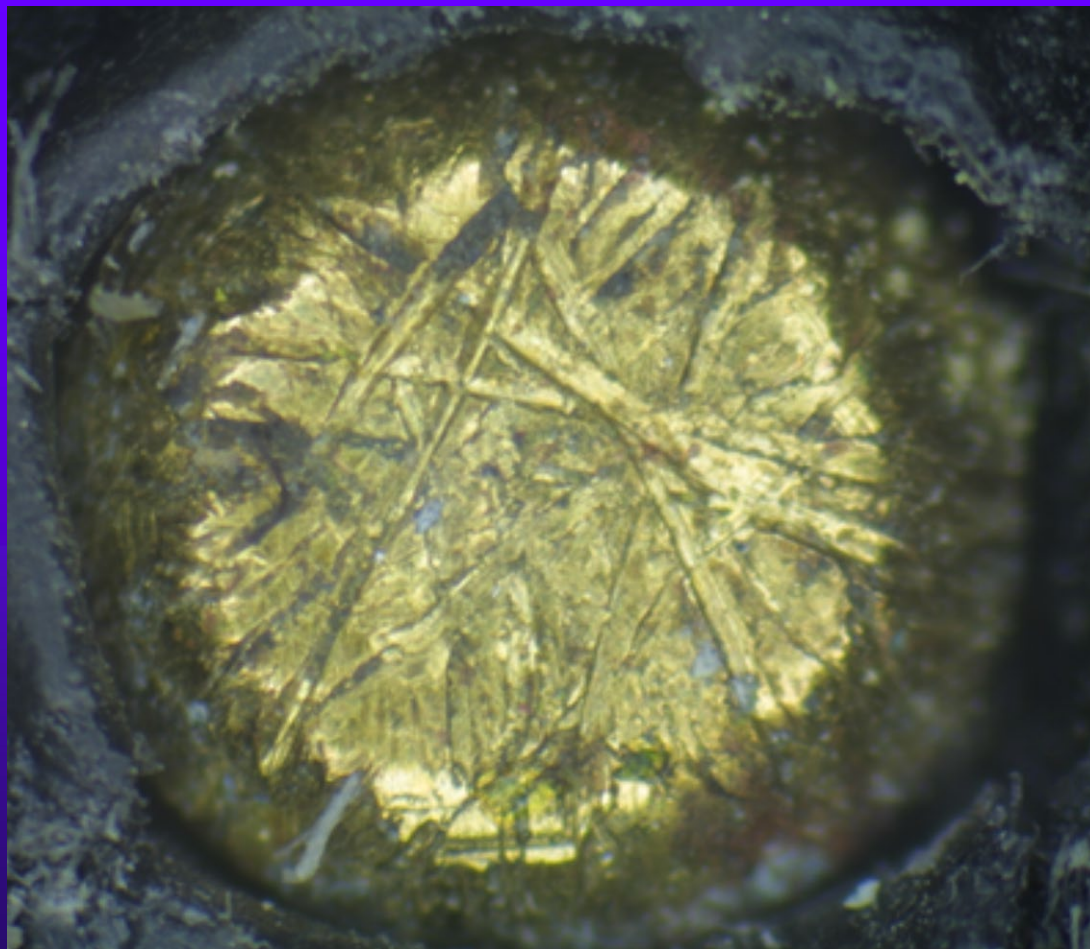




# Pick Marks on Pin

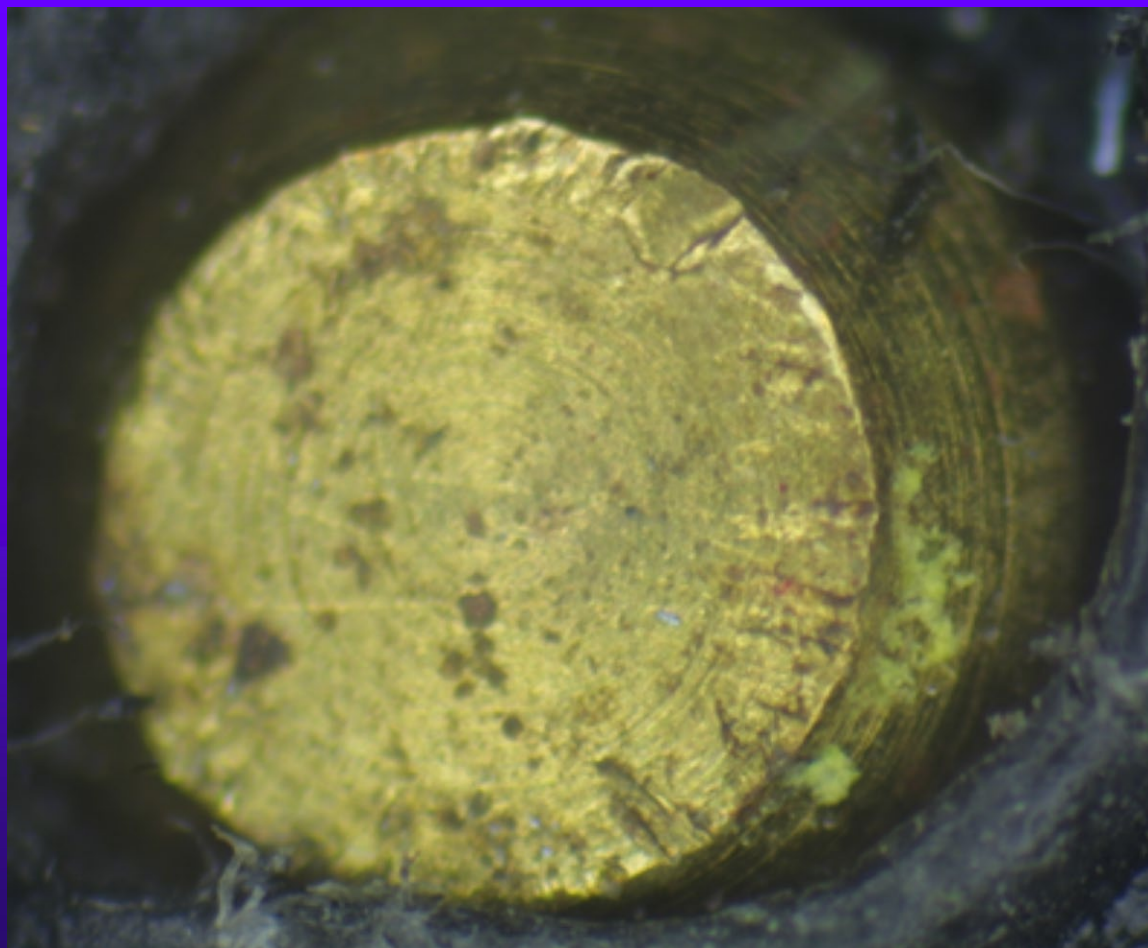


# Marks from Pick Gun

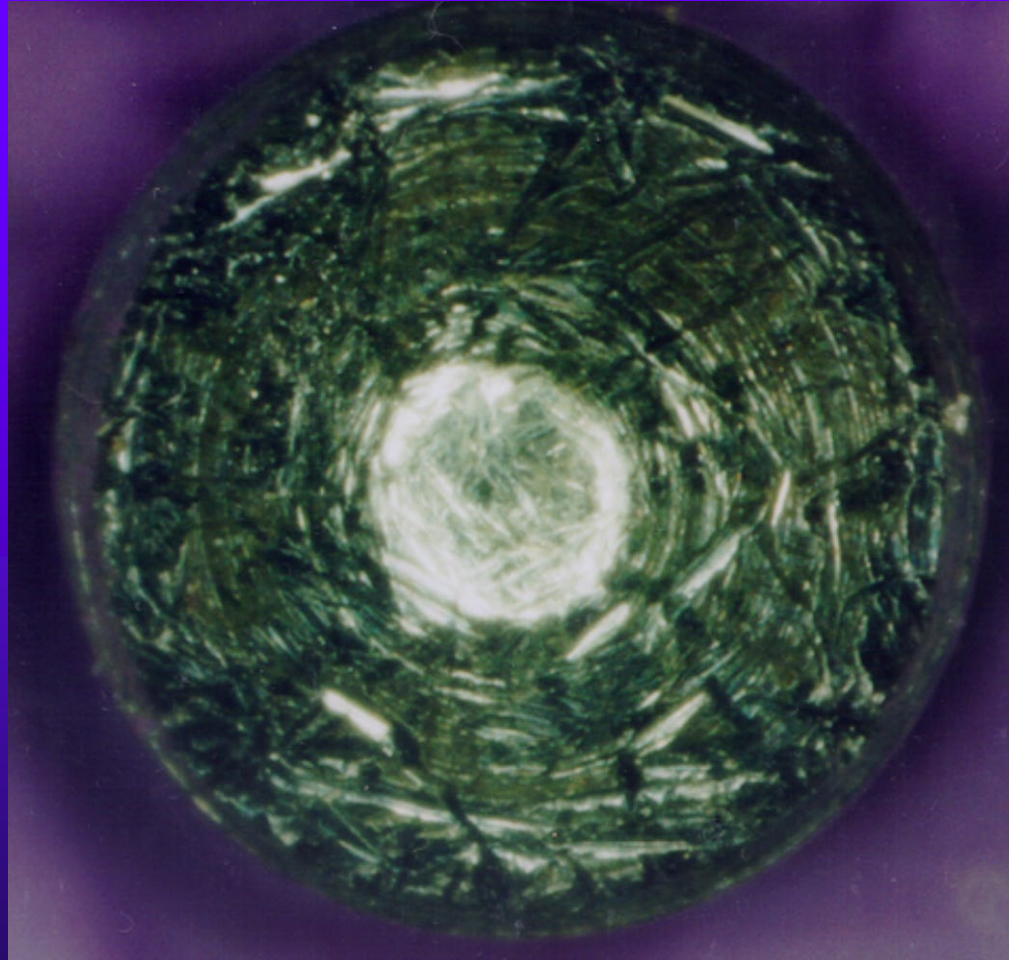




# Pick Gun Markings



# Impact Pick Marks

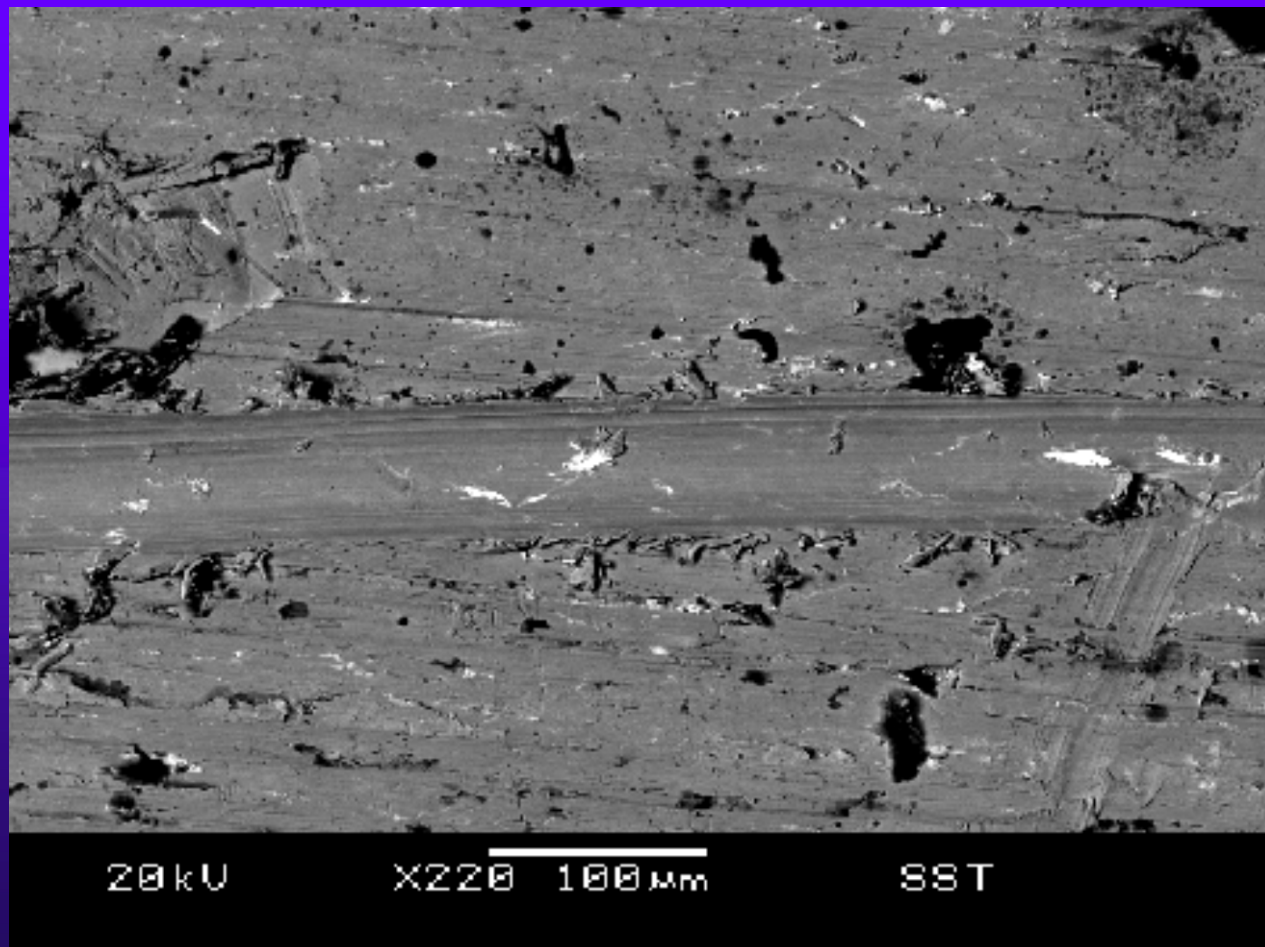




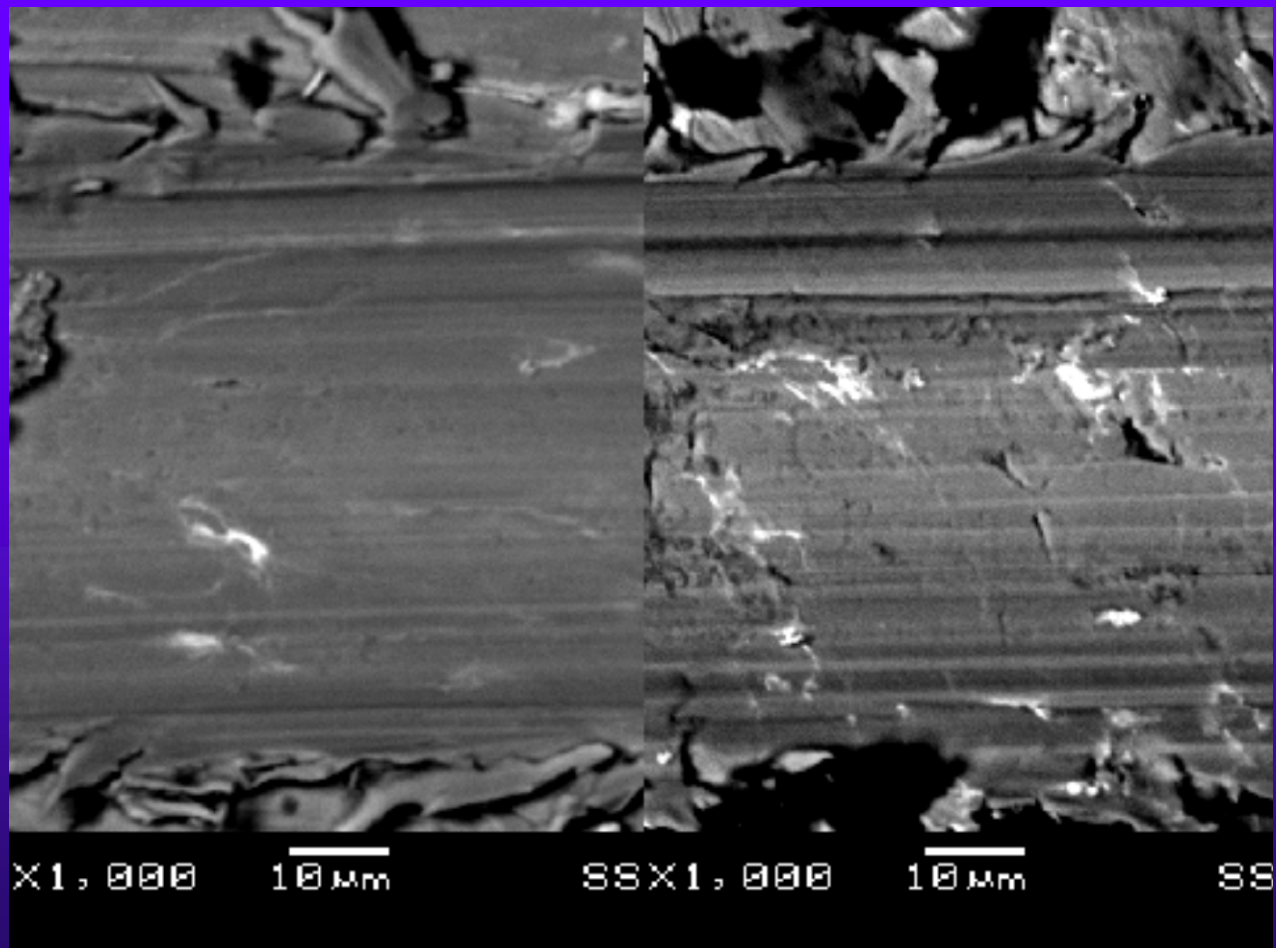
# USE OF SEM



# Pick Tracks



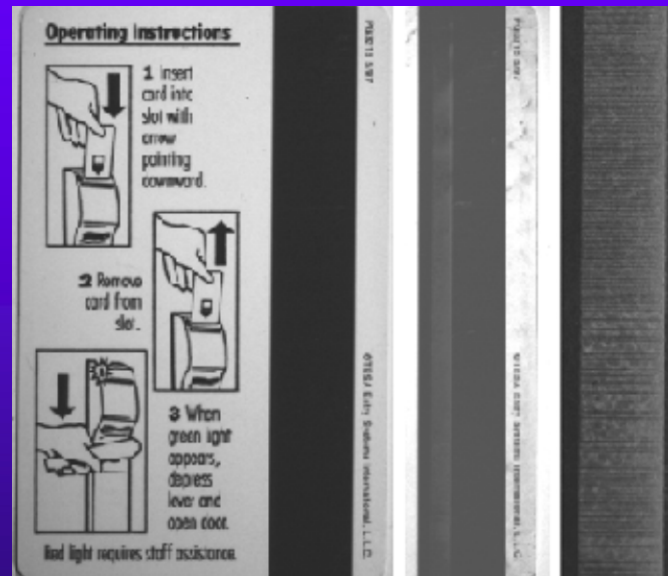
# SEM Pick Track Comparison





# CASE #1: OMEN SAFE

## ◆ Magnetic Card Lock on Safe

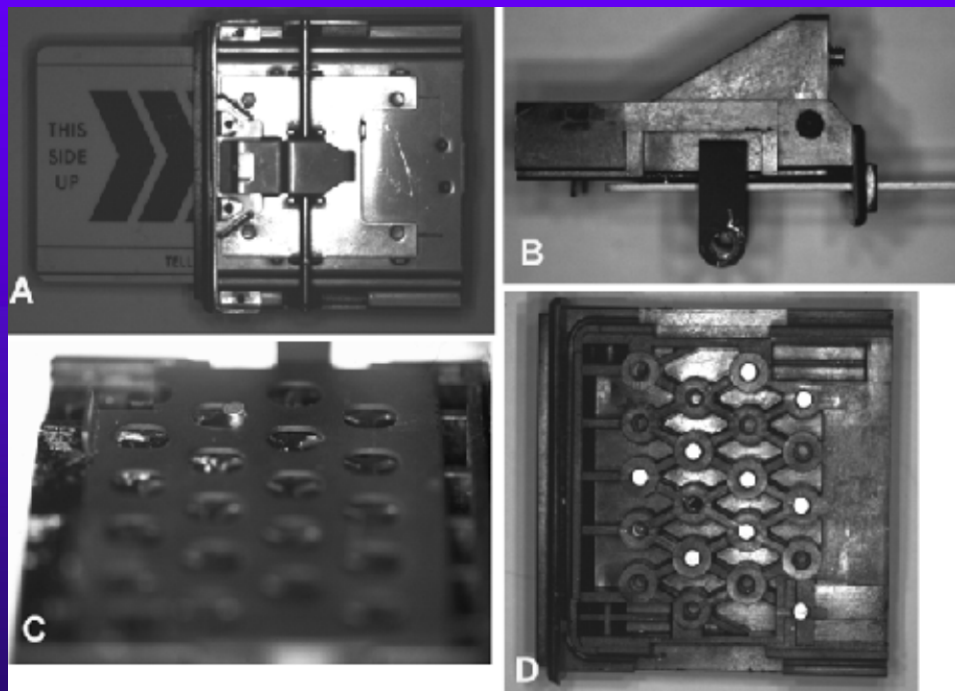






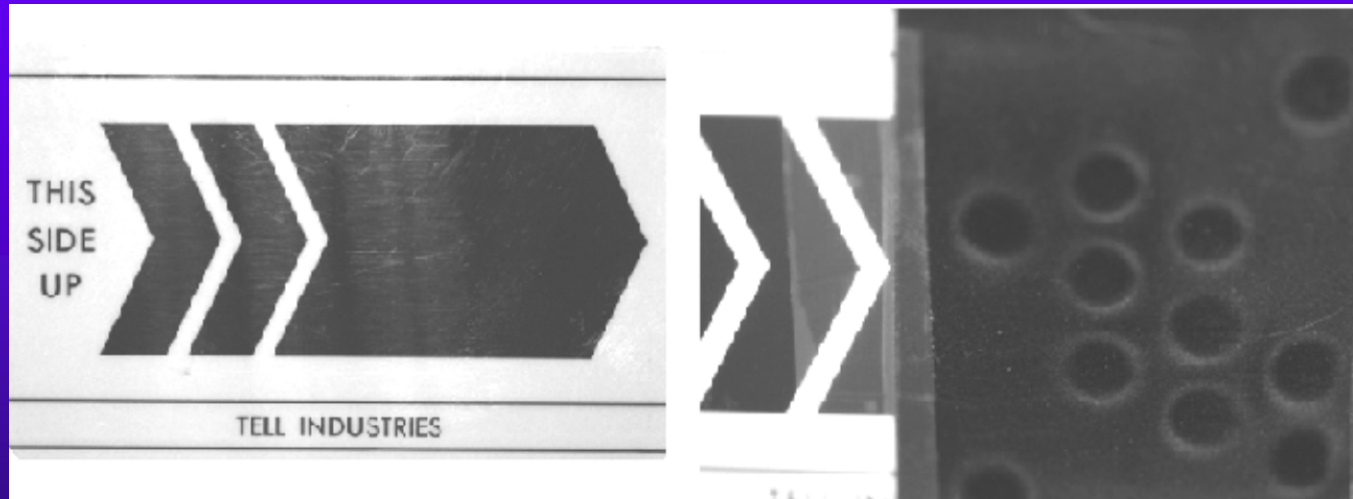
# CASE #2: Showa Magnetic

## Magnetic Domain Lock



# Magnetic Domains

- ◆ Reading location and polarity of magnetic domains

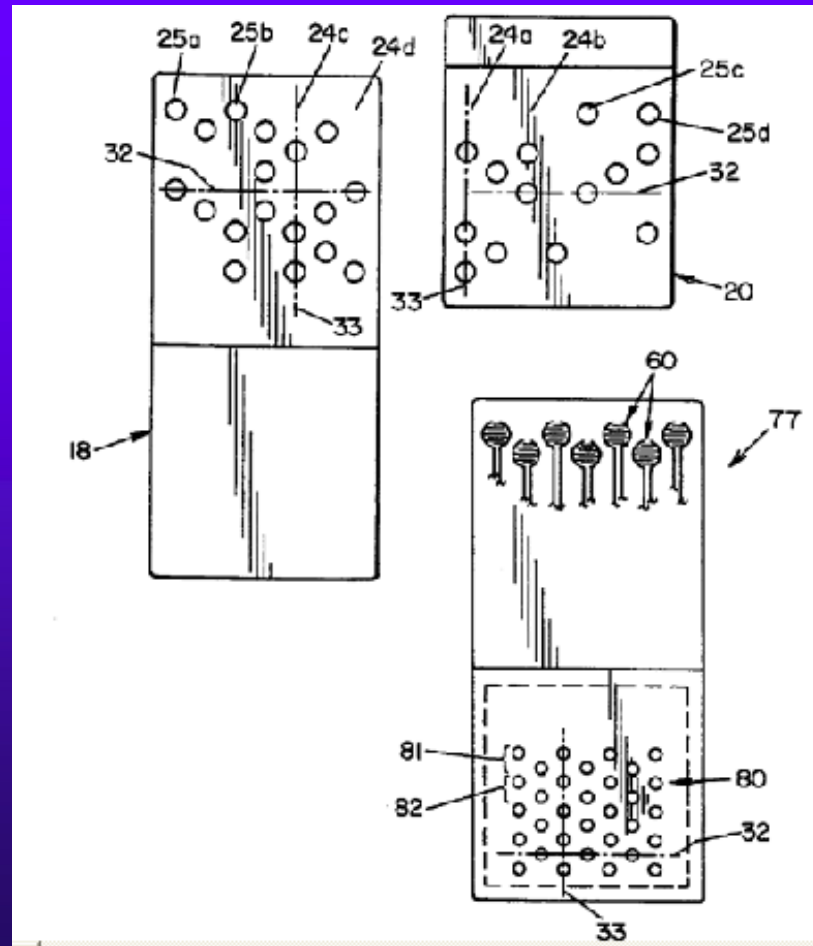




# CASE #3: VINGCARD

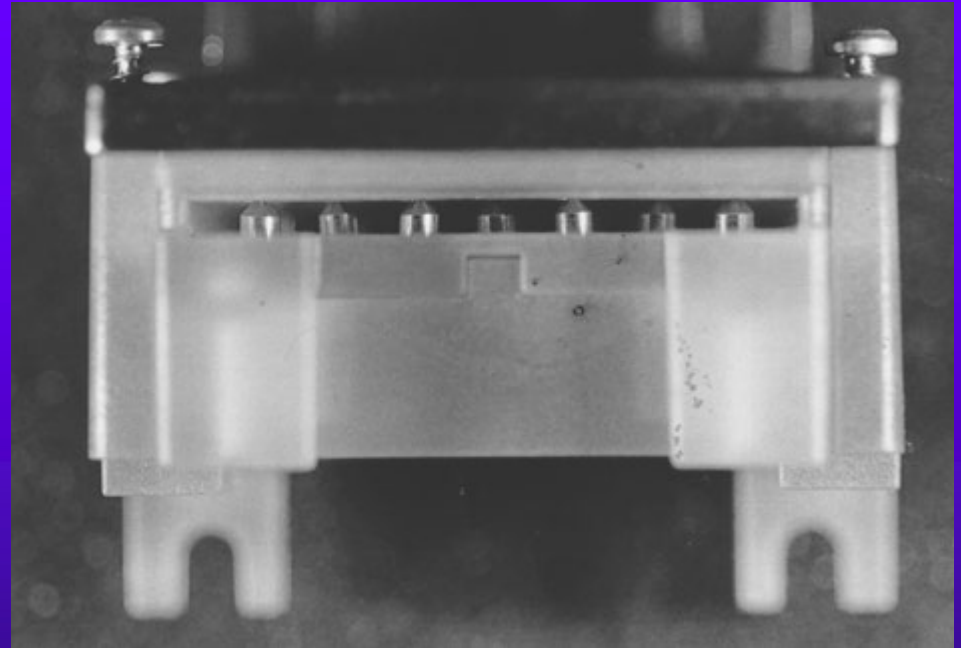
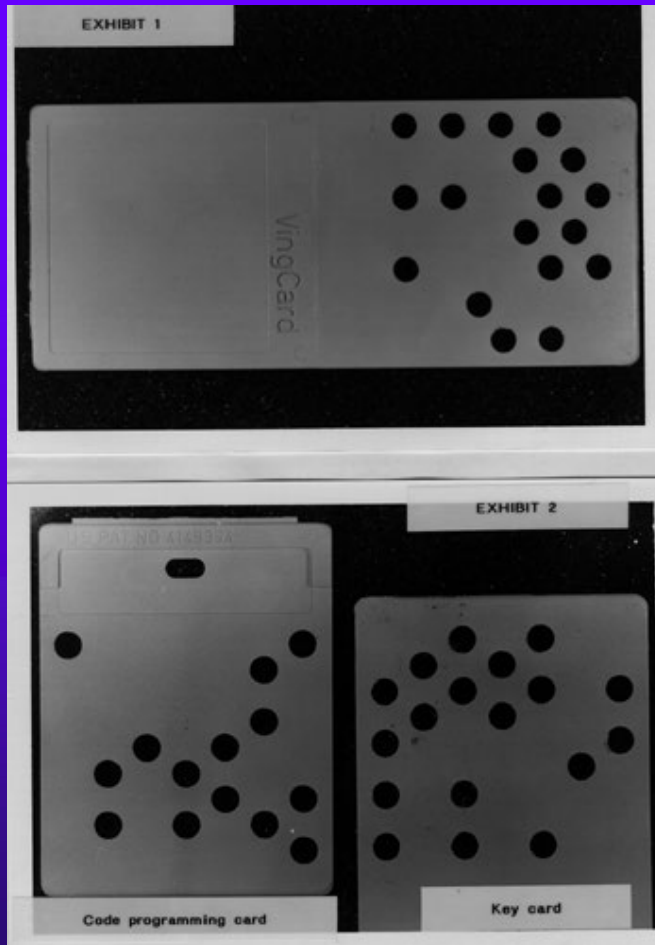
Pin Tumbler Lock used in Hotels

# Conductive Ink Decoder for Vingcard Lock

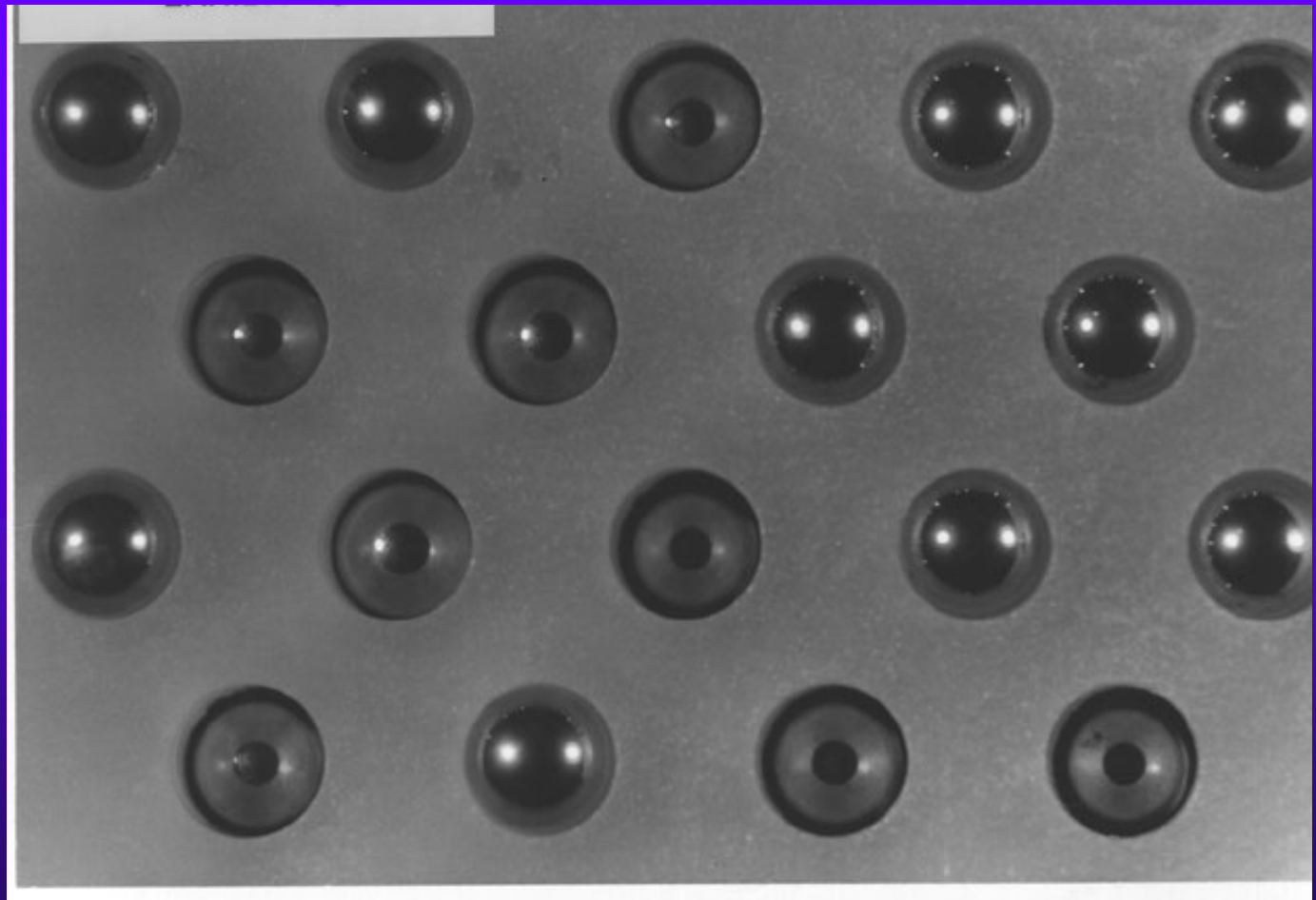




# Vingcard keys and lock



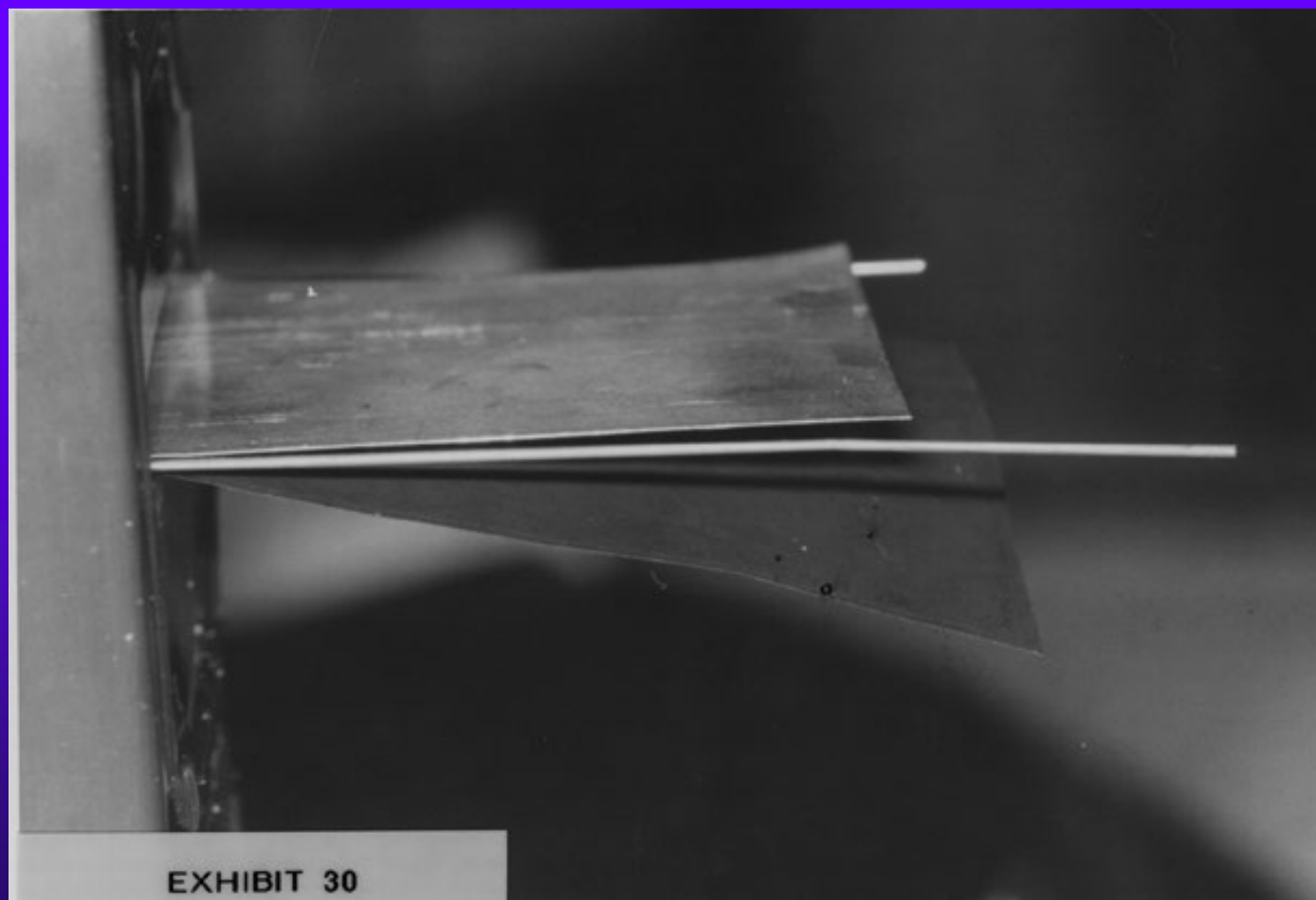
# Vingcard pin tumblers



# Mechanical decoding with wire



# Insert carbon paper and wire





# Picture of Key in carbon paper



# CASE #4: ELSAFE

## In Room Hotel Safe





# ELSAFE

- ◆ Mechanical bypass using paper clip
- ◆ Electronic bypass using RF to accelerate the timing lockout



# LOCKS, SAFES, AND SECURITY

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